

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended September 30, 2012

Prepared by City of Kerrville, Texas Finance Department

Mike Erwin, Director of Finance

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended September 30, 2012

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Introductory Section



Letter of Transmittal

March 26, 2013

Honorable Mayor and City Council, and Citizens of Kerrville, Texas:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Kerrville, Texas (the City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, is hereby submitted. This report was prepared through the cooperative effort of the Finance Department and the City's independent auditor, in accordance with Section 103.001 of the Texas Local Government Code and Article VIII, Section 8.08 of the Charter of the City of Kerrville. The purpose of the report is to provide the City Council, management, staff, the public and other interested parties with detailed information reflecting the City's financial condition.

The full responsibility for the accuracy and reliability of the data, as well as completeness and fairness of this report, including all disclosures, rests with City Management. The City has established and maintains a system of internal accounting controls designed in part to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss, theft, or unauthorized use, and that financial records can be relied upon to produce financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of maintaining the system of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

BKD, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, has issued an unqualified opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2012. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent accountant concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, and that the financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent accountants' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Also included in the financial section is management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), which provides users of the basic financial statements a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements, including the accompanying notes, represent the core of the financial section. These financial statements present the financial condition of the City as a single entity, as well as the individual funds that account for the City's various governmental and business-type activities. This transmittal letter is designed to complement the MD&A, and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Kerrville is the county seat and principal commercial center of Kerr County, Texas. It is located approximately 65 miles northwest of San Antonio on U.S. Interstate 10. Principal industries in the community include tourism, medical and health care services, jewelry design and production, transportation, banking and agriculture.

The City continues to experience steady increases in population. The official census populations for 1990 and 2000 were 17,384 and 20,425, respectively. The January 2010 population estimate was 22,347, representing an increase of 4,963 (28%) over 1990, and 1,922 (9%) increase since 2000.

For financial reporting purposes, the City is a primary government. As previously mentioned, the City's governing body is elected by the citizens of Kerrville. This report includes all organizations and activities for which the elected officials exercise financial control. The City is legally responsible for the Kerrville Economic Improvement Corporation (EIC) which is reported separately within the government wide financial statements of the City along with the Kerrville Public Utility Board for which the City appoints all board members.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including general government, public safety (police and fire), streets, parks and recreation, community development, planning and zoning, code enforcement, a public library, emergency medical services, and business-type activities, such as water and sewer and golf. Sanitation collection services are provided through private contractors; non-residential customers contract with the collection firm of their choice, while residential customers contract through the City with collection fees added to their municipal water and sewer bills.

The annual budget of the City serves as the foundation for its financial planning and control. The budget is proposed by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council in accordance with policies and procedures established by the City Charter, State Law, Council ordinances and policies. The budget is prepared and presented by fund (e.g., general fund), department (e.g., police) or function (e.g., debt service), and line items (e.g., salaries and wages). The fund level is the legal level of control for budget expenditures. The budgetary process begins each year with a City Council planning retreat where priorities are set for the budget. Next, the preparation of revenue estimates and budget instructions by the City's Finance Department staff and expenditure estimates and requests by each City department are completed. Estimates and requests are reviewed by the City Manager, and evaluated within the total financial framework of the City. The City Manager makes final decisions as to what budget recommendations are submitted to the City Council. The City Charter requires that a working copy of the budget be filed with the City Clerk no later than July 31st. The City Manager's proposed budget is reviewed extensively by the City Council, along with a final public review process, including a required public hearing prior to budget adoption. The City Charter requires adoption of the City budget no later than September 30th.

Budgetary reporting is provided at the department level within the individual fund. Transfers of budget appropriations within departments may occur with the approval of the City Manager provided there is not an increase in overall expenditures. Transfers of budget appropriations between funds as well as any increase in total appropriations require Council approval.

Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund and major special revenue funds (if any), this comparison is presented as required in the supplementary information section of this report.

Local Economy

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates. Several small manufacturing firms are located in the Kerrville area, as well as a variety of commercial establishments, restaurants, building supply stores, retail shops, banks and supermarkets. These businesses have experienced a slow down as shown by the unemployment rate increasing and then decreasing from 3.5% in February 2008 to 6.2% in February 2010 to 5.6% in December 2010. The unemployment rates are below the national average, but illustrate the recession has impacted the Kerrville area.

To offset this negative impact, the City recognizes the value of commercial development to its economic base and continues to encourage commercial growth that will be beneficial to the tax base and support the citizens' needs. Kerrville has recently seen the addition of Fox Tank and Nature Blinds as additional manufacturing concerns in the community. The City also annexed James Avery Manufacturing. Each of these additions have added or maintained employment in the Kerrville area. Kerrville is continuing to increase its status as the commercial hub for the entire Hill Country.

In addition to retail, commercial and industrial development, the City's tax base will be improved through the continued development of the Harper Highway corridor and gateway corridor (along State Highway 16) as well as through redevelopment of the downtown area of Kerrville, with the completed renovation of the Butt-Holdsworth Memorial Library, completed renovation of the Schreiner Goods building and a new City Hall.

Representatives of the City along with other community leaders continue to encourage development of this area to attract light, clean industry. A push is also beginning to develop wineries along Highway 16. The quality of life found in Kerrville is especially attractive to retirees, providing a strong, stable economic base and a welcome asset to the community. In recent years, Kerrville has seen an increase in younger families moving into the community to fill jobs in Kerrville's expanding service industry. These factors, along with a continuing effort to bolster our economic base, give hope for improvement in our economy during the coming years.

Long-term financial planning

The City's staff increased the separate funds' fund balance reserve by policy to 25% in keeping with the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recommended best practice. GFOA recommends that "general-purpose governments, regardless of size, maintain unassigned fund balance in their general fund of no less than two months of regular general fund operating revenues or regular general fund operating expenditures." This will allow the City to better weather economic downturns and strategically handle contingencies and unforeseen emergencies. The City's General Fund's unassigned fund balance is \$5,701,228 or 29% of General Fund operating expenditures as of September 30, 2012. The City uses a five year forecast in its budget process to guide decisions and assist in policy. The forecasting allows the City to view the future impact of current decisions and allows the City to plan appropriately.

The City maintains a five-year capital improvement program (CIP), with all planned capital projects reviewed annually by the City staff and City Council. This annual review allows the City to change and adjust priorities by responding to changing growth patterns, economic conditions, or federal and state mandates. The CIP is used exclusively as a planning tool, and therefore does not commit the City to any project or project funding. The intent of the CIP is for the City staff to identify specific capital improvements needed during the subsequent five years and to project affordability (5-year forecast). The CIP is not a capital budget, and as such provides only recommended projects and the means of financing the improvements. Recommended improvements are not approved until official action has been taken by the City Council.

The 2012 CIP identified over \$51 million of capital improvements during the next four years (through 2015). These improvements provide for new facilities and facilities expansion; land acquisition; equipment acquisition and replacement; roads and storm water drainage systems; parks and park facilities; and water and sewer mains, facilities, and storage facilities. The majority of these improvements (97%) are anticipated to be funded by debt obligations. Debt obligations include both self-supporting debt (e.g., water and sewer improvements), and general obligation debt (e.g., street and drainage improvements). This CIP was reviewed in the FY 2012 and FY 2013 budget process to ensure it is in line with current economic trends.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, and a reproduction of the certificate is included in this report. The City has received a Certificate of Achievement for twenty eight consecutive fiscal years (FY 1984 through FY 2011).

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, the contents of which must conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for the period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Many individuals devoted extra hours and exhibited dedicated effort in ensuring the accuracy and timeliness of this report. Appreciation is expressed to the City employees throughout the organization, especially those responsible for the maintenance of records upon which this report is based.

Acknowledgment and appreciation is also given to representatives of BKD, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, for their dedicated assistance and input into the preparation of this report.

Finally, our appreciation is extended to the Mayor and the members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Todd Parton City Manager Mike Erwin, CGFM Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

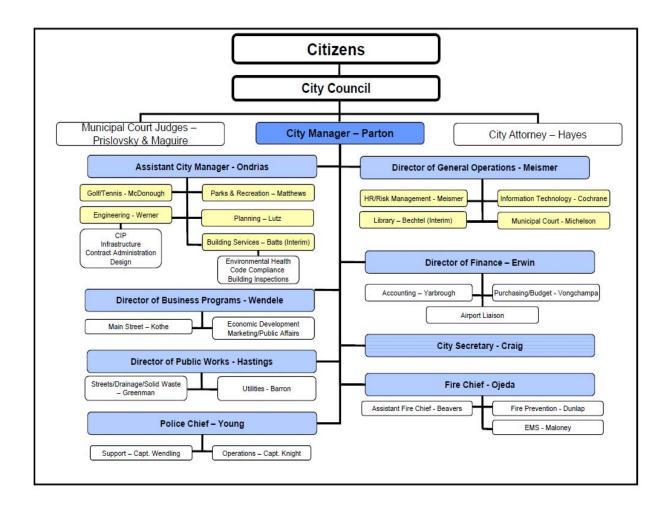
City of Kerrville Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

CANADIA CORPORATION SEAL SEAL EXECUTIVE Director

Organization Chart Year Ended September 30, 2012



CITY OF KERRVILLE, TEXAS

List of Principal Officials Year Ended September 30, 2012

ELECTED OFFICIALS

<u>NAME</u>	<u>POSITION</u>	TERM EXPIRATION
JACK PRATT	MAYOR	MAY 2014
CARSON CONKLIN	PLACE 1	MAY 2013
STACIE KEEBLE	PLACE 2, MAYOR PRO TEM	MAY 2013
JUSTIN MACDONALD	PLACE 3	MAY 2014
GENE ALLEN	PLACE 4	MAY 2014

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

<u>NAME</u>	<u>POSITION</u>
TODD PARTON	CITY MANAGER
MIKE HAYES	CITY ATTORNEY
KRISTINE ONDRIAS	ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER
KIM MEISMER	DIRECTOR OF GENERAL OPERATIONS
BRENDA CRAIG	CITY SECRETARY
MIKE ERWIN	DIRECTOR OF FINANCE
CHARLIE HASTINGS	DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS
JOHN YOUNG	CHIEF OF POLICE
ROBERT OJEDA	CHIEF OF FIRE



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Financial Section





Independent Accountants' Report

City Council City of Kerrville, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kerrville, Texas (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Kerrville Public Utility Board (KPUB), a component unit of the City, which statements reflect total assets and program revenues of \$52,414,760 and \$42,676,890 respectively, and represent 90.6% and 94.2% of the aggregate discretely presented component units' total assets and total revenues, respectively, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012. The financial statements of KPUB were audited by other accountants whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for KPUB is based solely on the report of the other accountants.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of KPUB, a component unit included in the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other accountants, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2013, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.





City Council City of Kerrville, Texas Page 9

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary and pension information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying information in the introductory and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

March 26, 2013

BKD, LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2012

Introduction

As management of the City of Kerrville, Texas (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-4 of this report.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide

- The City's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the 2012 fiscal year by \$120,825,579. Of this amount, \$22,991,925 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation and fiscal policies as more fully described below.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$8,132,165 or 7%. Net assets of business-type activities decreased by \$677,447 or 1%, and net assets of governmental activities increased by \$8,809,612 or 13%.
- Total expenses of all the City's programs were \$32,064,224 in 2012.

Fund Statements

- As of September 30, 2012, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,768,253. Of this total amount, \$5,701,228 or approximately, 30% is unassigned and available for use within the City's designation and policies in the governmental funds.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$5,701,228 or 29% of the Governmental Activities expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

(1) Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial condition of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works and streets, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water and wastewater services and the City's public golf course.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself, but also a legally separate electric utility Kerrville Public Utility Board (KPUB) as wells as the Economic Improvement Corporation (EIC). Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 – 20 of this report.

(2) Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because of the focus on governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and the Governmental IP Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eight funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual funds data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining statements section in the report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City maintains two enterprise funds. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and wastewater services, and the City's public golf course. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for automotive maintenance facility operations and employees' health insurance services.

Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Enterprise funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The enterprise fund financial statements provide information for the Utility Fund (water and wastewater), and the Golf Course Fund. The Utility Fund is considered to be major fund of the City while the Golf Course Fund is presented as single column as non-major enterprise funds. The internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation of the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the non-major enterprise funds and internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 - 28 of this report.

(3) Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Each note is designed to give a more detailed explanation of the figures, which are presented in summary form throughout the financial statements section of the report.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31 - 55 of this report.

Comparative Financial Information

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$120,825,579 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure and system improvements), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governme	Government Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Current and other assets	\$ 30,272,908	\$ 24,373,333	\$ 22,191,068	\$ 18,043,150	\$ 52,463,976	\$ 42,416,483	
Capital assets	68,509,691	58,970,900	53,323,902	53,047,322	121,833,593	112,018,222	
Total assets	98,782,599	83,344,233	75,514,970	71,090,472	174,297,569	154,434,705	
Long-term liabilities	22,217,128	15,765,255	28,752,801	23,341,361	50,969,929	39,106,616	
Other liabilities	1,781,148	1,604,267	720,913	1,030,408	2,502,061	2,634,675	
Total liabilities	23,998,276	17,369,522	29,473,714	24,371,769	53,471,990	41,741,291	
Net assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	57,919,854	49,626,940	38,404,662	38,077,719	96,324,516	87,704,659	
Restricted	1,509,138	6,250,819	-	-	1,509,138	6,250,819	
Unrestricted	15,355,331	10,096,952	7,636,594	8,640,984	22,991,925	18,737,936	
Total net assets	\$ 74,784,323	\$ 65,974,711	\$ 46,041,256	\$ 46,718,703	\$ 120,825,579	\$ 112,693,414	

An additional portion of the City's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in each category of net assets for the government as a whole.

The City's net assets increased during the current fiscal year. The increase is attributable to governmental activities as shown in the following table:

	Government Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Revenue						
Program revenue						
Charges for services	\$ 4,506,527	\$ 5,372,975	\$ 11,040,297	\$ 11,439,317	\$ 15,546,824	\$ 16,812,292
Operating grants and contributions	302,520	1,461,129	-	-	302,520	1,461,129
Capital grants and contributions	5,552,634	2,958,657	-	-	5,552,634	2,958,657
General revenue						
Property tax	9,655,313	9,555,355	-	-	9,655,313	9,555,355
Sales tax	5,119,521	4,772,872	-	-	5,119,521	4,772,872
Hotel occupancy tax	853,661	846,163	-	-	853,661	846,163
Franchise tax	1,825,722	1,835,532	-	-	1,825,722	1,835,532
Alcoholic beverage tax	52,847	58,321	-	-	52,847	58,321
Unrestricted investment earnings	56,261	52,430	22,725	9,719	78,986	62,149
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(235,328)	-	-	-	(235,328)	-
Miscellaneous revenue	1,257,450	1,427,411	186,239	68,810	1,443,689	1,496,221
Total revenue	28,947,128	28,340,845	11,249,261	11,517,846	40,196,389	39,858,691
Expenses						
General government	4,076,996	4,022,200	-	-	4,076,996	4,022,200
Public safety	11,312,519	12,632,154	-	-	11,312,519	12,632,154
Cultural and recreation	3,081,774	3,460,606	-	-	3,081,774	3,460,606
Public works	3,003,950	3,104,204	-	-	3,003,950	3,104,204
Business programs	166,718	176,981	-	-	166,718	176,981
Interest on long-term debt	644,587	717,236	-	-	644,587	717,236
Water and sewer operations	-	-	8,736,970	8,198,334	8,736,970	8,198,334
Kerrville Schreiner Park	-	-	-	527	-	527
Golf course			1,040,710	951,557	1,040,710	951,557
Total expenses	22,286,544	24,113,381	9,777,680	9,150,418	32,064,224	33,263,799
Excess before transfers	6,660,584	4,227,464	1,471,581	2,367,428	8,132,165	6,594,892
Transfers	2,149,028	4,259,340	(2,149,028)	(4,259,340)		
Changes in Net Assets	8,809,612	8,486,804	(677,447)	(1,891,912)	8,132,165	6,594,892
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	65,974,711	57,487,907	46,718,703	48,610,615	112,693,414	106,098,522
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 74,784,323	\$ 65,974,711	\$ 46,041,256	\$ 46,718,703	\$ 120,825,579	\$ 112,693,414

Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets. The increase was due to the recognition of property in the City Hall complex including new City Hall, library renovations, parking garage and ancillary properties. These additions were made possible by existing debt issuance proceeds, transfers in from the Water and Sewer Fund and capital contributions by a local foundation.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities net assets decreased due to the transfer of \$1,000,000 to the City Hall capital project.

Individual Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,768,253, an increase of \$5,637,947 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 30% of total fund balance or \$5,701,228 constitutes unassigned General Fund's fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for restricted purposes (debt service, capital projects).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,701,228. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 29% or more than three months of total General Fund expenditures.

The City's General Fund increased by \$2,604,161 during the current fiscal year. Key factors are as follows:

- Net transfers in of \$1,238,768
- Additional sales tax revenues
- Additional property tax revenues
- Overall departmental savings

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to \$7,636,594 with unrestricted net assets of the water and sewer fund at the end of the year amounting to \$7,671,328.

Key factors are as follows:

- Additional revenues for the golf course due to remodeling of nearby city's golf course.
- Departmental savings on expenses due to lower number of repairs and unplanned expenses.

General Fund Budgetary Analysis

Actual revenues in the General Fund for FY 2012 exceeded expenditures by \$1,365,393 prior to transfers in. This was also the first year a budgeted draw down of fund balance was not scheduled. The City revised its budgeting practices in FY 2011 leading to a budget where revenues exceeded expenditures. The combined net effects of the following contributed.

Actual revenues exceeded budget by \$889,439. The factors increasing revenues include additional sales tax collection with new payees contributing to the City including annexed and new manufacturing companies. Another factor was increased downtown sales and contributions from online retailers. Property tax revenues also exceeded budgeted numbers.

Actual expenditures were \$1,088,355 less than budgeted. The departments in the General Fund averaged a little more than 5% savings on budget to actual expenditures. These savings occurred due to lower maintenance costs, less mowing with the drought, savings in the Police Department fuel costs, and savings in nondepartmental expenditures.

Capital Asset and Long-term Debt Administration

Major Capital Additions

In FY 2012 the City recognized the new City Hall complex and ancillary properties. This includes a new city hall, an existing parking garage, two offices and land.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2012, amounts to \$121,833,593 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure and system improvements (including streets and drainage infrastructure) and machinery and equipment.

	Government Activities		Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Land	\$ 6,251,959	\$ 4,668,002	\$ 488,831	\$ 488,831	\$ 6,740,790	\$ 5,156,833	
Construction in progress	3,395,617	231,191	3,318,647	7,274,716	6,714,264	7,505,907	
Streets	34,425,208	34,425,208	-	-	34,425,208	34,425,208	
Buildings	6,566,258	4,449,278	1,115,014	1,341,330	7,681,272	5,790,608	
Improvements other than buildings	14,786,736	12,234,756	46,239,617	42,183,393	61,026,353	54,418,149	
Vehicles	1,745,011	1,744,707	421,672	456,723	2,166,683	2,201,430	
Machinery and equipment	1,228,101	1,106,814	1,734,371	1,288,568	2,962,472	2,395,382	
Office equipment	110,801	110,944	5,750	13,761	116,551	124,705	
Total	\$ 68,509,691	\$ 58,970,900	\$ 53,323,902	\$ 53,047,322	\$ 121,833,593	\$ 112,018,222	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on pages 42 – 45 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City has total governmental activities long-term debt outstanding of \$17,769,000, which the City expects to retire through the Debt Service Fund. The City also has business activity long-term debt outstanding of \$27,856,000 at September 30, 2012. The City's total bonded debt and loans increased by \$11,465,000 during the current fiscal year due to issuing Governmental and Water & Sewer Fund debt.

The City's financial policies limit Water and Sewer debt service to no more than 35% of total Water and Sewer revenues. The City is approaching that level and subsequently has no plans to issue new debt after September 2013.

	Governmen	t Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Gross Bonded Debt						
General obligation	\$ 4,539,000	\$ 4,565,700	\$ 5,661,000	\$ 5,694,300	\$ 10,200,000	\$ 10,260,000
Certificates of obligation	13,230,000	6,878,200	22,195,000	17,021,800	35,425,000	23,900,000
Total bonded debt	17,769,000	11,443,900	27,856,000	22,716,100	45,625,000	34,160,000
Bond premium/discount	310,483	180,994	584,409	422,957	894,892	603,951
Deferred amount on refunding	(294,094)	(315,856)	(357,792)	(413,873)	(651,886)	(729,729)
Net bonded debt	17,785,389	11,309,038	28,082,617	22,725,184	45,868,006	34,034,222
Other Long-Term Debt						
State infrastructure bank loan	630,597	715,580	515,943	585,475	1,146,540	1,301,055
Compensated absences	686,014	665,632	154,241	161,498	840,255	827,130
Landfill closure and post closure cost	3,115,128	3,075,005			3,115,128	3,075,005
Total	\$ 22,217,128	\$ 15,765,255	\$ 28,752,801	\$ 23,472,157	\$ 50,969,929	\$ 39,237,412

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 46-50 of this report.

The City's five-year capital improvement plan had identified over \$51 million of capital improvements through 2015. While previously, the majority of these improvements were anticipated to be funded by debt obligations, for the budget year 2013 and forward the City will use a combination of debt issuance and pay as you go. In January of 2012, Standard & Poor's confirmed the City's general obligation bond rating of an AA-and utility certificate of obligations bond rating of an AA-. These ratings were subsequently upgraded to AA in January 2013. The Economic Improvement Corporation rating is A+.

Modified Approach of Capital Assets

The City has adopted the modified approach for its streets system of capital assets. As a result, the City has made a commitment to preserve and maintain its streets system at certain condition levels determined by the City. No depreciation expense is reported for such assets, nor is amounts capitalized in connection with improvements that lengthen the lives of such assets, unless the improvements also increase their service potential. The City maintains an inventory of the streets system and performs periodic condition assessments to establish that the predetermined condition level is being maintained. The City's policy is to maintain a targeted overall weighted average Condition Index rating of 75 (fair condition). The City's engineers estimate the current pavement condition of the City's streets to be at a Condition Index rating of 79 (fair condition). The City makes annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to preserve and maintain the streets system at the predetermined condition level. To preserve the City's streets system at the targeted Condition Index rating level of 75, the City's actual expenditures for 2012 were \$580,000. Although the City's weighted-average Condition Index rating is 80, there are a number of streets that have failed and are deteriorating at a faster rate than normal. These streets will require reconstruction in order to maintain a weighted-average Condition Index rating above 75.

For historical information, please see page 75.

Items That Will Have a Significant Financial Impact

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City has adopted an ad valorem tax rate of \$0.5625 per \$100 value for budget year 2013, which is the same as in budget year 2012.

Sales tax receipts experienced in budget year 2012 were 7.3% more than experienced in budget year 2011, and are anticipated to remain steady in budget year 2013.

The number of water accounts increased from 9,555 in fiscal year 2011 to 9,621 in fiscal year 2012, for an increase of 0.70%. Billed water usage increased from fiscal year 2011 to 2012. The number of water accounts is anticipated to increase an additional 1.5% in budget year 2013.

Hotel/motel occupancy tax receipts collected in fiscal year 2012 were \$853,661 or 1% more than experienced in budget year 2011, and are anticipated to remain steady in budget year 2013.



This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City of Kerrville, 701 Main Street, Kerrville, Texas 78028 (830) 258-1120.



Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2012

	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets				_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,172,479	\$ 11,685,820	\$ 27,858,299	\$ 3,807,207
Investments	3,080,472	3,262,236	6,342,708	5,345,974
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)				
Taxes	387,089	-	387,089	-
Accounts	108,768	1,151,173	1,259,941	6,939,525
Other	859,913	-	859,913	-
Due from other governments	886,426	-	886,426	436,689
Internal balances	98,953	(98,953)	-	
Inventories	46,812	358,639	405,451	1,256,261
Prepaid expenses	13,142	4,519	17,661	-
Other assets	-	-	-	37,843
Restricted assets				
Cash	-	5,440,921	5,440,921	20,568
Investments	-	-	-	8,904,744
Deferred charges	334,516	386,713	721,229	38,772
Equity in joint venture	8,284,338	-	8,284,338	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated				
depreciation, where applicable)	68,509,691	53,323,902	121,833,593	31,069,609
Total assets	98,782,599	75,514,970	174,297,569	57,857,192
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,451,824	590,262	2,042,086	4,500,440
Customer deposits	329,324	125,080	454,404	608,184
Unearned revenue	, -	5,571	5,571	· -
Noncurrent liabilities		,	,	
Due within one-year	1,264,636	1,757,876	3,022,512	2,863,514
Due in more than one-year	20,952,492	26,994,925	47,947,417	2,548,627
Total liabilities	23,998,276	29,473,714	53,471,990	10,520,765
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	57,919,854	38,404,662	96,324,516	26,607,468
Restricted for	2.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,
Debt service	1,254,717	-	1,254,717	2,637,820
Capital projects	254,421	-	254,421	4,032,255
Unrestricted	15,355,331	7,636,594	22,991,925	14,058,884
Total net assets	\$ 74,784,323	\$ 46,041,256	\$ 120,825,579	\$ 47,336,427

Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Program Revenues				
			Operating	Capital		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
Primary Government						
Governmental Activities						
General government	\$ 4,076,996	\$ 2,125,808	\$ 251,025	\$ 5,202,634		
Public safety	11,312,519	1,327,187	12,559	-		
Cultural and recreation	3,081,774	583,199	38,936	350,000		
Public works	3,003,950	470,333	-	-		
Business programs	166,718	-	_	-		
Interest on long-term debt	644,587					
Total expenses	22,286,544	4,506,527	302,520	5,552,634		
Business-type Activities						
Water and sewer	8,736,970	10,008,929	-	-		
Golf course	1,040,710	1,031,368				
Total business-type activities	9,777,680	11,040,297				
Total primary government	\$ 32,064,224	\$ 15,546,824	\$ 302,520	\$ 5,552,634		
Component Units						
Economic Improvement Corporation	\$ 1,603,379	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Kerrville Public Utility Board	39,288,505	42,676,890		312,895		
Total component units	\$ 40,891,884	\$ 42,676,890	\$ -	\$ 312,895		

General Revenues

Property taxes
Sales taxes
Hotel occupancy taxes
Franchise taxes
Alcoholic beverage taxes
Unrestricted investment earnings
Miscellaneous income
Loss on disposal of capital assets
Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net Assets, Beginning of Year

Net Assets, End of Year

Not (Eynans	A Revenue	and Changes	in Net Assets
MEL (FYDEII2)	e) Nevellue	anu Changes	III IACI WOOGIO

	Primary Government	rnment		
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units	
7.0	7.00.7.00		<u> </u>	
\$ 3,502,471	\$ -	\$ 3,502,471		
(9,972,773)	-	(9,972,773)		
(2,109,639)	-	(2,109,639)		
(2,533,617)	-	(2,533,617)		
(166,718)	-	(166,718)		
(644,587)		(644,587)		
(11,924,863)		(11,924,863)		
_	1,271,959	1,271,959		
	(9,342)	(9,342)		
	1,262,617	1,262,617		
(11,924,863)	1,262,617	(10,662,246)		
			\$ (1,603,379 3,701,280	
			2,097,901	
9,655,313	-	9,655,313		
5,119,521	-	5,119,521	2,559,469	
853,661	-	853,661		
1,825,722	-	1,825,722		
52,847	-	52,847	404.40	
56,261	22,725	78,986	104,403	
1,257,450 (235,328)	186,239	1,443,689 (235,328)	12,526	
(233,328) 2,149,028	(2,149,028)	(433,346)		
20,734,475	(1,940,064)	18,794,411	2,676,398	
8,809,612	(677,447)	8,132,165	4,774,299	
65,974,711	46,718,703	112,693,414	42,562,128	
\$ 74,784,323	\$ 46,041,256	\$ 120,825,579	\$ 47,336,427	

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds September 30, 2012

	General Fund	Governmental IP Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,621,838	\$ 7,130,610	\$ 1,842,402	\$ 15,594,850	
Investments	1,261,302	1,358,212	350,934	2,970,448	
Receivables, net					
Taxes	340,644	-	46,445	387,089	
Accounts	108,768	-	=	108,768	
Other	859,913	-	=	859,913	
Due from other funds	103,221	-	=	103,221	
Due from other governments	886,426	-	-	886,426	
Inventories	21,914	-	-	21,914	
Prepaids	11,415			11,415	
Total assets	\$ 10,215,441	\$ 8,488,822	\$ 2,239,781	\$ 20,944,044	
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 696,824	\$ 662,673	\$ -	\$ 1,359,497	
Customer deposits	329,324	· =	=	329,324	
Deferred revenue	448,857		38,113	486,970	
Total liabilities	1,475,005	662,673	38,113	2,175,791	
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	33,329	-	-	33,329	
Restricted for public safety	77,723	-	-	77,723	
Restricted for landfill	2,262,019	-	-	2,262,019	
Restricted for debt service	-	-	1,254,717	1,254,717	
Restricted for tourism	-	-	720,865	720,865	
Restricted for grant	-	-	909	909	
Restricted for capital improvements	-	7,289,410	-	7,289,410	
Committed for park improvements	-	-	93,383	93,383	
Committed for History Center	-	=	121,077	121,077	
Committed for landfill	276,587	-	· -	276,587	
Committed for Library	- -	-	10,717	10,717	
Committed for insurance reserve	135,129	=	· =	135,129	
Committed for capital improvements	254,421	536,739	-	791,160	
Unassigned	5,701,228			5,701,228	
Total fund balances	8,740,436	7,826,149	2,201,668	18,768,253	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 10,215,441	\$ 8,488,822	\$ 2,239,781	\$ 20,944,044	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2012

Total fund balances – governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 18,768,253
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (SNA) are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	68,509,691
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	322,535
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNA.	697,622
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(18,415,986)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(96,757)
Deferred charges not recorded in the funds.	334,516
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(669,196)
Other long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(3,115,128)
Court fines receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	16,983
Ambulance receivables unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	139,832
Assessments receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	7,620
Equity in a joint venture is not reported in the funds.	8,284,338
Net assets of governmental activities – SNA	\$ 74,784,323

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2012

	General Fund	Governmental IP Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Taxes and penalties	\$ 15,438,470	\$ -	\$ 2,119,635	\$ 17,558,105
License and permits	321,442	-	6,949	328,391
Intergovernmental	1,178,804	355,971	-	1,534,775
Charges for services	2,548,745	-	640	2,549,385
Grants	27,359	251,025	507,081	785,465
Fines and forfeitures	467,272	-	-	467,272
Investment income	39,789	11,475	4,997	56,261
Miscellaneous	1,065,896		145,024	1,210,920
Total revenues	21,087,777	618,471	2,784,326	24,490,574
Expenditures Current				
General government	3,716,296	_	_	3,716,296
Public safety	10,653,384	-	13,277	10,666,661
Cultural and recreation	1,927,963	-	886,747	2,814,710
Public works	2,806,458	-	-	2,806,458
Business programs	166,718	-	-	166,718
Capital outlay	451,565	5,626,375	458,189	6,536,129
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	724,883	724,883
Bond issuance costs	-	154,815	-	154,815
Interest and fiscal charges			618,767	618,767
Total expenditures	19,722,384	5,781,190	2,701,863	28,205,437
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,365,393	(5,162,719)	82,463	(3,714,863)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Long-term debt issued	-	6,965,000	-	6,965,000
Bond premium	-	137,810	-	137,810
Transfers in	1,445,956	1,192,571	217,135	2,855,662
Transfers out	(207,188)	(195,956)	(202,518)	(605,662)
Net other financing sources	1,238,768	8,099,425	14,617	9,352,810
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,604,161	2,936,706	97,080	5,637,947
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	6,136,275	4,889,443	2,104,588	13,130,306
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 8,740,436	\$ 7,826,149	\$ 2,201,668	\$ 18,768,253

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended September 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 5,637,947
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of activities (SOA) are different because	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	6,355,418
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(1,287,590)
Loss on disposal of capital assets decrease net assets in the SOA but not in the funds.	(235, 328)
Donations of capital assets increase net assets in the SOA but not in the funds.	4,719,689
Transfers of capital assets to the Enterprise Fund decrease net assets in the SOA but not in the funds.	(100,972)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	724,883
Bond premiums and discounts and similar items are amortized in the SOA but are recognized as other financing	
sources (uses) in the funds.	(151,251)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to the funds, but increase liabilities in the SOA	(6,965,000)
Bond issuance costs and similar items are amortized in the SOA but expensed in the funds.	131,770
Increase in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	(11,096)
The net revenue of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	85,091
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	(20,033)
Property taxes levied, court fines and fees, and ambulance service revenue earned, but not available, are deferred	
in the governmental funds, but are recognized when earned (net of estimated uncollectible) in the SOA.	
This is the net change in deferred property taxes, court fines and fees, and ambulance revenue for the year.	(74,352)
Change in joint venture equity is not reported in the funds.	40,559
Change in landfill post closure costs is not reported in the funds.	 (40,123)
Change in net assets of governmental activities – SOA	\$ 8,809,612

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Business-ty	Business-type Activities – Enterprise Funds			
	Water and	Non Major Total Golf Course Enterprise		Internal Service	
	Sewer	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Assets					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,685,820	\$ -	\$ 11,685,820	\$ 577,629	
Investments	3,262,236	-	3,262,236	110,024	
Receivables (net of allowances for					
uncollectibles) accounts	1,151,173	-	1,151,173	-	
Inventories	306,925	51,714	358,639	24,898	
Prepaid expenses	869	3,650	4,519	1,727	
Total current assets	16,407,023	55,364	16,462,387	714,278	
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	5,440,921	-	5,440,921	-	
Capital assets					
Land	488,831	-	488,831	-	
Buildings	2,183,887	374,668	2,558,555	159,000	
Improvements other than buildings	69,936,125	1,970,287	71,906,412	-	
Vehicles	1,079,701	-	1,079,701	25,556	
Machinery and equipment	2,690,453	394,519	3,084,972	32,930	
Office equipment	132,319	-	132,319	-	
Construction in progress	3,318,647	-	3,318,647	-	
Accumulated depreciation	(27,549,084)	(1,696,451)	(29,245,535)	(209,017)	
Net capital assets	52,280,879	1,043,023	53,323,902	8,469	
Deferred charges	386,713		386,713		
Total noncurrent assets	58,108,513	1,043,023	59,151,536	8,469	
Total assets	\$ 74,515,536	\$ 1,098,387	\$ 75,613,923	\$ 722,747	

Exhibit A-7

	Business-type Activities – Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities	
	Water and	Nonmajor Golf Course	Total Enterprise	Internal Service	
	Sewer	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 577,135	13,127	\$ 590,262	\$ 4,039	
Unearned revenue	5,571	-	5,571	-	
Accrued compensated absences	69,856	30,759	100,615	16,818	
Due to other funds	52,741	46,212	98,953	4,268	
Customer deposits	125,080	-	125,080	-	
Bonds and notes – current	1,657,261	-	1,657,261		
Total current liabilities	2,487,644	90,098	2,577,742	25,125	
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Bonds and notes – noncurrent	26,941,299	-	26,941,299	-	
Accrued compensated absences	53,626	-	53,626		
Total noncurrent liabilities	26,994,925		26,994,925		
Total liabilities	29,482,569	90,098	29,572,667	25,125	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt					
net of related debt	37,361,639	1,043,023	38,404,662	8,469	
Unrestricted	7,671,328	(34,734)	7,636,594	689,153	
Total net assets	\$ 45,032,967	\$ 1,008,289	\$ 46,041,256	\$ 697,622	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Business-type Activities – Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities	
	Water and Sewer	Non Major Golf Course Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 10,008,929	\$ 1,031,368	\$ 11,040,297	\$ 3,075,960	
Total operating revenues	10,008,929	1,031,368	11,040,297	3,075,960	
Operating Expenses					
Personnel services	2,654,762	579,737	3,234,499	526,975	
Repairs and maintenance	1,557,704	35,413	1,593,117	913	
Supplies and materials	609,260	93,283	702,543	9,379	
Utilities	591,427	76,882	668,309	5,492	
Depreciation and amortization	1,996,901	187,400	2,184,301	3,016	
General administration	429,625	67,995	497,620	7,332	
Premiums and other charges				2,439,317	
Total operating expenses	7,839,679	1,040,710	8,880,389	2,992,424	
Operating income (loss)	2,169,250	(9,342)	2,159,908	83,536	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment income	22,725	-	22,725	1,555	
Miscellaneous income	186,239	-	186,239	-	
Interest expense	(897,291)		(897,291)		
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(688,327)		(688,327)	1,555	
Net income (loss) before contributions					
and transfers	1,480,923	(9,342)	1,471,581	85,091	
Capital Contributions and Transfers					
Capital contributions	100,972	-	100,972	-	
Transfers out	(2,250,000)		(2,250,000)		
Net transfers	(2,149,028)		(2,149,028)		
Change in Net Assets	(668,105)	(9,342)	(677,447)	85,091	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	45,701,072	1,017,631	46,718,703	612,531	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 45,032,967	\$ 1,008,289	\$ 46,041,256	\$ 697,622	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds September 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities	
	Water and	Non Major Golf Course	Total Enterprise	Internal Service	
Operating Activities	Sewer	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Cash received from customers	\$ 9,924,139	\$ 1,031,368	\$ 10,955,507	\$ 3,075,960	
Cash payments to employees for services	(2,662,597)	(579,159)	(3,241,756)	(522,715)	
Cash payments to other suppliers for goods and services	(3,375,732)	(350,485)	(3,726,217)	(2,257,173)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,885,810	101,724	3,987,534	296,072	
Noncapital Financing Activities					
Proceeds from other nonoperating revenue	191,839	_	191,839	_	
Transfers to other funds	(2,250,000)		(2,250,000)		
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(2,058,161)		(2,058,161)		
Capital and Polated Financing Activities					
Capital and Related Financing Activities Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	6,500,000		6,500,000		
Principal and interest paid	(2,266,923)	-	(2,266,923)	-	
Acquisition or construction of capital assets	(2,194,229)	(101,724)	(2,295,953)	-	
requisition of construction of capital assets	(2,1)4,22)	(101,724)	(2,275,755)	-	
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	2,038,848	(101,724)	1,937,124		
Investing Activities					
Investment income	22,725	-	22,725	1,555	
Sales (purchases) of investments, net	(1,469,949)		(1,469,949)	(67,122)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,447,224)		(1,447,224)	(65,567)	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,419,273	-	2,419,273	230,505	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	14,707,468		14,707,468	347,124	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 17,126,741	\$ -	\$ 17,126,741	\$ 577,629	
Reconciliation to the Combining Statement of Net Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,685,820	\$ -	\$ 11,685,820	\$ 577,629	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	5,440,921		5,440,921		
	\$ 17,126,741	\$ -	\$ 17,126,741	\$ 577,629	
	Ψ 17,120,711		Ψ 17,120,7.11	*************************************	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,169,250	\$ (9,342)	\$ 2,159,908	\$ 83,536	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	Ψ 2,109,230	ψ (2,542)	Ψ 2,139,900	Ψ 05,550	
provided by operating activities					
Depreciation and amortization	1,996,901	187,400	2,184,301	3,016	
Change in assets and liabilities		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Decrease (increase) in receivables	(89,452)	-	(89,452)	-	
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(33,102)	4,492	(28,610)	2,395	
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(512)	(400)	(912)	206,658	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(154,102)	(3,769)	(157,871)	(14)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages payable	(3,173)	578	(2,595)	481	
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(77,235)	(77,235)		
Total adjustments	1,716,560	111,066	1,827,626	212,536	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,885,810	\$ 101,724	\$ 3,987,534	\$ 296,072	
Nancock Conital Financina Activiti-					
Noncash Capital Financing Activities Capital assets acquired by contribution	\$ 100,972	\$ -	\$ 100,972	\$ -	
about adding of continuing	4 100,772	Ψ -	4 100,772	Ψ	

Statements of Net Assets – Component Units September 30, 2012

Exhibit A-10

	EIC	KPUB	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,242,667	\$ 564,540	\$ 3,807,207
Investments	617,651	4,728,323	5,345,974
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectible)			
Accounts	-	6,939,525	6,939,525
Due from other governments	436,689	-	436,689
Inventories	-	1,256,261	1,256,261
Other assets	-	37,843	37,843
Restricted assets			
Cash	=	20,568	20,568
Investments	=	8,904,744	8,904,744
Deferred charges	6,989	31,783	38,772
Capital assets nondepreciable			
Land	1,138,436	117,656	1,256,092
Construction in progress	=	1,029,220	1,029,220
Depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation)			
Buildings	=	2,284,275	2,284,275
Improvements other than buildings	=	25,142,270	25,142,270
Vehicles	=	885,612	885,612
Machinery and equipment		472,140	472,140
Total assets	5,442,432	52,414,760	57,857,192
Liebilidies			
Liabilities	112.072	4 207 560	4.500.440
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	112,872	4,387,568	4,500,440
Payable from restricted assets		COO 104	COO 104
Customer deposits Noncurrent liabilities	-	608,184	608,184
	465,000	2 200 514	2 962 514
Due within one-year	465,000	2,398,514	2,863,514
Due in more than one-year	485,000	2,063,627	2,548,627
Total liabilities	1,062,872	9,457,893	10,520,765
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,138,436	25,469,032	26,607,468
Restricted for	,,	-,,	-,,
Debt service	421,672	2,216,148	2,637,820
Capital projects	1,542,328	2,489,927	4,032,255
Unrestricted	1,277,124	12,781,760	14,058,884
Total net assets	\$ 4,379,560	\$ 42,956,867	\$ 47,336,427

City of Kerrville, Texas Statements of Activities – Component Units Year Ended September 30, 2012

Exhibit A-11

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Capital Grants and Contributions	EIC	KPUB	Total
Kerrville Economic Incentive Corporation						
General government	\$ 1,545,813	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,545,813)	\$ -	\$ (1,545,813)
Interest on long-term debt	54,066	-	-	(54,066)	-	(54,066)
Depreciation – unallocated	3,500			(3,500)		(3,500)
Total EIC	1,603,379			(1,603,379)		(1,603,379)
Kerrville Public Utility Board						
Purchased power	29,700,402	42,676,890	312,895	-	13,289,383	-
Distribution	2,187,394	-	-	-	(2,187,394)	-
Administration and other	5,372,475	-	-	-	(5,372,475)	-
Depreciation	2,028,234				(2,028,234)	
Total KPUB	39,288,505	42,676,890	312,895		3,701,280	3,701,280
Total Component Units	\$ 40,891,884	\$ 42,676,890	\$ 312,895	(1,603,379)	3,701,280	2,097,901
	General Revenues					
	Sales taxes	•		2,559,469	_	2,559,469
		vestment earnings		76,513	27,890	104,403
	Miscellaneous			8,203	4,323	12,526
	Total ger	neral revenues and tra	nsfers	2,644,185	32,213	2,676,398
	Change in Net Ass	sets		1,040,806	3,733,493	4,774,299
	Net Assets, Begins	ning of Year		3,338,754	39,223,374	42,562,128
	Net Assets, End of	f Year		\$ 4,379,560	\$ 42,956,867	\$ 47,336,427



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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Note 1: Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

General Statement

The City of Kerrville, Texas (the City), was founded in 1889. The City operates under the Council manager form of government as adopted by a home rule charter approved February 25, 1942. The City provides a full range of municipal services including public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, parks and recreation, health and social services, planning and zoning and general administrative services. In addition, the City provides water and sewer service as a proprietary function of the City.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) which is the recognized financial accounting standard setting body for governmental entities. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the City's general purpose financial statements.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City is a home rule municipality governed by an elected mayor and a four member City Council that appoints a City Manager. The City's (primary government) financial statements include its component units. The accompanying general purpose financial statements comply with the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either: (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

The Kerrville Public Utility Board (KPUB) – the electric utility, an entity legally separate from the City, is governed by a five member board appointed by the City Council. For financial statement purposes, KPUB is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the City because the City appoints its governing body, is potentially obligated to finance any deficits that may occur, and receives significant franchise fees. Financial statements may be obtained from the Kerrville Public Utility Board, P.O. Box 911, Kerrville, Texas 78029.

The Kerrville Economic Improvement Corporation (EIC), an entity legally separate from the City, is governed by a seven member board of directors appointed by the City Council. For financial statement purposes, EIC is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the City because the City appoints its governing body, and is potentially able to impose its will. EIC collects a half cent sales tax per dollar of sales to support its activities. Separate financial statements are not prepared for EIC.

• **Kerrville Airport Joint Venture** – The City and Kerr County (the Participants) operate a municipal airport under a joint venture agreement. Participants provide financial support and are entitled to an undivided 50% interest in the physical property. The City reports its interest as "Equity in Joint Venture."

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and thus have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- **Governmental IP Fund** is a capital project fund that accounts for major capital improvement projects.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

• Water & Sewer Fund – accounts for the provisions of water and sewer service to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds account for the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies.
- **Debt Service Fund** account for the accumulation and use of property and sales tax revenue to meet the debt service requirements of the City's general and revenue bonded debt.
- Capital Projects Funds account for the acquisition or construction of governmental capital assets not recorded in the Government IP Fund.
- **Internal Service Fund** account for automotive maintenance, facility operations and employees health insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are administrative fees and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided (2) operating grants and contributions and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, miscellaneous revenue and investment income.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water & Sewer and golf course enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water & Sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Use of FASB Pronouncements

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict nor contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, for its business-type and enterprise fund activities.

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments maturing within one-year of date of purchase are stated at cost or amortized cost; all other investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. All investment income is recognized in the appropriate fund's statement of activity and or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

State law and the City's investment policy restrict both time and demand deposits, including certificates of deposit (CD); to those depositories doing business in the state of Texas and further require full insurance and/or pledging of collateral. CDs are limited to a stated maturity not exceeding one-year. Pledged collateral, equal to not less than 102% of the covered account balance is required for all deposits and is limited to obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities and municipal obligations rated not less than AA or equivalent by two nationally recognized rating agencies. Independent safekeeping is required outside the pledging bank's holding company with monthly reporting. Securities are monitored and priced at market on a daily basis as a contractual responsibility of the depository.

State law and the City's investment policy limit repurchase agreements to those with defined termination dates executed with a Texas bank or a primary dealer (as defined by the Federal Reserve). The agreements require an industry standard, written master repurchase agreement and a minimum of 102% margin on collateral as well as delivery versus payment settlement and independent safekeeping. Repurchase agreements may not exceed 90 days to stated maturity.

State law and the City's investment policy require commercial paper be rated A1/P1 or equivalent by two nationally recognized rating agencies and restricts maturity to a maximum maturity of 185 days.

State law and the City's investment policy restrict investment in SEC registered mutual funds to money market mutual funds striving to maintain a \$1 net asset value as further defined by State law. A rating of the mutual fund is not required.

State law requires that local government investment pools be rated AAA, or equivalent, by at least one nationally recognized rating agency. The City investment policy further restricts investments to AAA rated, "2a-7 like" (constant dollar) local government investment pools.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied on October 1 by the City based on the January 1 property values as assessed by the Kerr County Central Appraisal District. Taxes are due without penalty until January 31 of the next calendar year.

After January 31, the City has an enforceable lien with respect to both real and personal property. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a perpetual lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the state legislature. Taxes applicable to personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the City.

Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

All inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average cost method. The consumption method is used to account for governmental fund type inventories. Under the consumption method, inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of Water & Sewer fund revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Customer deposits are also classified as restricted.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Contributions of capital assets to proprietary funds from external sources are recorded as revenue.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30 years
Improvements other than building	40 years
System infrastructure	40 years
Machinery and equipment	10 years
Office equipment	10 years
Vehicles	8 years
Drainage	50 years

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., streets and storm water drains), the City chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each year, including infrastructure asserts, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost.

The City has adopted the modified approach for its streets system of capital assets. As a result, the City has made a commitment to preserve and maintain its streets system at certain condition levels determined by the City. The City Council is responsible for determining the appropriate condition level at which such assets are to be maintained. No depreciation expense is reported for such assets, nor are amounts capitalized in connection with improvements that lengthen the lives of such assets, unless the improvements also increase their service potential. The City maintains an inventory of the streets system and performs periodic condition assessments to establish that the predetermined condition level is being maintained. The City makes annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to preserve and maintain the streets system at the predetermined condition level.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

The KPUB utility plant, purchased from the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA), has been recorded at the original cost of the asset as recorded by LCRA. Accumulated depreciation includes amounts recorded by LCRA through the date of acquisition and depreciation since the date of acquisition. Utility plant additions subsequent to the acquisition are recorded at cost.

Cost includes the costs of contracted services, direct materials, labor, overhead and an allowance for borrowed funds used during construction. Retirements of utility plant, together with removal costs less salvage, are charged to accumulated depreciation.

KPUB computes depreciation using the straight-line method over the estimated service lives of the various classes of depreciable property. Rates will be changed as needed based upon period engineering studies. Depreciation as a percentage of average depreciable plant was 4.0% for the year ended September 30, 2012.

Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Classification of Fund Equity

Fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned in governmental funds. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent, either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements. Restricted fund balances have constraints for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, grantors or other governments; or by enabling legislation of the City Council.

Committed fund balances can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council through an ordinance or resolution, which are equally binding and represent the highest level actions of the City Council. Assigned fund balances are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by the City management based on the City Council's direction.

Unassigned fund balances include residual positive fund balances within the General Fund that had not been classified within the other mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balances may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

The City designates restricted amounts to be spent first if both restricted and unassigned fund balances are available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, followed by assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purpose for which amounts in any of those fund balance classifications could be used.

The propriety funds and government-wide financial statements have three classifications of equity: (1) net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted net assets and (3) unrestricted net assets. In the first category, capital assets are netted with related bonded and capital lease debt. Restricted net assets include debt service, grantor and other government restrictions for proprietary funds and the same categories as restricted fund balance for governmental activities.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's cash on hand and deposits was \$9,147,083 (including restricted cash of \$648,615 and certificates of deposits). All of the bank balance was covered by federal deposit insurance and collateral pledged by the depository in the City's name and held by the City's agent.

• Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits – In the case of time and demand deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City requires all deposits to be covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance and/or be collateralized by qualified securities pledged by the City's depository in the City's name and held by the depository's agent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Investments as of September 30, 2012, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Investment Type	Carrying Amount	Days to Maturity	Rating As of Year-End
Miscellaneous coupon securities	\$ 5,363,088	360	SP-1+
TexasDAILY local government pool	12,003,706	1	AAAm
TexPool Prime local government pool	5,945,145	1	AAAm
Texas CLASS local government pool	6,901,673	1	AAAm
LOGIC	4,141,551	1	AAA
Total fair value	34,355,163		
Pool participants excluded from primary go	vernment		
Less: DCU (EIC)	(3,860,318)		
Total fair value – primary government	\$ 30,494,845		
Portfolio weighted-average maturity		57	

Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2012, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets

Cash and cash equivalents – primary government	\$ 27,858,299
Restricted cash – primary government	5,440,921
Investments – primary government	6,342,708
Cash and cash equivalents – EIC	3,242,667
Investments – EIC	617,651
	\$ 43,502,246

Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2012, consist of the following:

Deposits	\$ 4,486,446
Certificates of Deposit	4,660,637
Investments	34,355,163
	\$ 43,502,246

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

The Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool). Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed both of participants in TexPool and of other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool.

The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC) operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 to the extent such rule is applicable to its operations. Accordingly, LOGIC uses the amortized cost method permitted by SEC Rule 2a-7 to report net assets and share prices since that amount approximates fair value. The investment activities of LOGIC are administered by third party advisors. There is no regulatory oversight by the state of Texas over LOGIC.

Texas CLASS is a local government investment pool emphasizing safety, liquidity, convenience and competitive yield. Since 1996, Texas CLASS has provided Texas public entities a safe and competitive investment alternative. Texas CLASS invests only in securities allowed by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The pool is governed by a board of trustees, elected annually by its participants. Texas CLASS is rated "AAAm" by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services.

TexasTERM was created in 2000 to allow Texas local governments and school districts to pool their funds for investment. By pooling the funds of many government entities, the TexPool can help investors achieve the following investment objectives:

- **Safety** TexasTERM invests only in those securities authorized by the statutes governing investment of funds by local governments in the state.
- **Liquidity** The Pool offers TexasDAILY, a fully liquid money market portfolio that is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- **Higher Potential Yield** By pooling the funds of investors, TexasTERM can invest in money-market instruments of larger denominations than possible for a single local government entity, which may result in higher yields.
- Accounting and Safekeeping TexasTERM provides a system which accounts for each investor's investments in a manner compatible with municipal accounting and auditing requirements.
- **Convenience** TexasTERM offers the advantages of investment by same-day wire or next-day transfer through automated clearing house (ACH) funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

TexasTERM is directed by an Advisory Board of experienced local government officials, finance directors and treasurers and is managed by a team of industry leaders that are focused on providing professional investment services to investors. TexasTERM has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the PFIA).

• Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy recognizes that overconcentration of assets by market sector or maturity as a risk to the portfolio. Diversification is a major object of the investment program. The investment policy has established limits for concentration by market sector as shown below:

Obligations of the U.S. Government	90%
Obligations of U.S. Agencies/Instrumentalities	90%
Certificates of deposit	90%
Limitation by banking institution	15%
Commercial paper	20%
Limitation by issuer	10%
Money market mutual funds	70%
Limitation by ownership in fund	5%
Constant dollar Texas investment pools	90%
Limitation by ownership in fund	5%
State and municipal obligations	15%

- Interest Rate Risk In order to limit interest and market rate risk from changes in interest rates, the City has set a maximum stated maturity date of two years, with a weighted-average maturity of 180 days for the total portfolio. Longer maturities may be utilized for bond proceeds, but only if matched to planned expenditures of the funds.
- Custodial Credit Risk Investments For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City may not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Public Funds Investment Act and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The Public Funds Investment Act requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least the bank balance less the FDIC insurance at all times.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Note 3: Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governi	mental		Business-type Activities	Compon	ent Units
	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental	Water and Sewer	КРИВ	EIC
Taxes receivable Allowance for uncollectible taxes	398,567 (57,923)	\$ 53,739 (7,294)	\$ 452,306 (65,217)	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
	340,644	46,445	387,089			
Accounts receivable Allowance for uncollectible accounts	402,516 (293,748)	<u>-</u>	402,516 (293,748)	1,237,149 (85,976)	7,029,525 (90,000)	
	108,768	-	108,768	1,151,173	6,939,525	-
Other receivables	859,913	-	859,913	-	-	-
Due from other government	886,426		886,426			436,689
Total	\$ 2,195,751	\$ 46,445	\$ 2,242,196	\$ 1,151,173	\$ 6,939,525	\$ 436,689

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year-ended September 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance September 30, 2011	Additions	Sales or Other Dispositions	Adjustments/ Transfers	Balance September 30, 2012
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land & land improvements	\$ 4,668,002	\$ 1,583,957	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,251,959
Streets	34,425,208	-	-	-	34,425,208
Construction in progress	231,191	3,217,853		(53,427)	3,395,617
Total capital assets not being depreciated	39,324,401	4,801,810		(53,427)	44,072,784
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	9,262,001	2,050,941	(254,380)	(94,493)	10,964,069
Improvements other than buildings	13,376,121	3,434,636	-	(49,203)	16,761,554
Vehicles	5,718,056	296,678	(151,651)	-	5,863,083
Machinery and equipment	2,234,943	548,294	(26,201)	5,670	2,762,706
Office equipment	440,492	24,869			465,361
Total capital assets being depreciated	31,031,613	6,355,418	(432,232)	(138,026)	36,816,773
Buildings	(4,812,723)	(235,838)	81,470	569,280	(4,397,811)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,141,365)	(381,052)	-	(452,401)	(1,974,818)
Vehicles	(3,973,349)	(494,801)	27,231	322,847	(4,118,072)
Machinery and equipment	(1,128,129)	(153,903)	88,203	(340,776)	(1,534,605)
Office equipment	(329,548)	(25,012)			(354,560)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,385,114)	(1,290,606)	196,904	98,950	(12,379,866)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	19,646,499	5,064,812	(235,328)	(39,076)	24,436,907
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 58,970,900	\$ 9,866,622	\$ (235,328)	\$ (92,503)	\$ 68,509,691

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

	Balance September 30, 2011	Additions	Sales or Other Dispositions	Adjustments/ Transfers	Balance September 30, 2012
Business-type Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 488,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 488,831
Construction in progress	7,274,716	1,676,959		(5,633,028)	3,318,647
Total capital assets not being depreciated	7,763,547	1,676,959		(5,633,028)	3,807,478
Capital assets being depreciated					
Building	2,470,404	-	(9,128)	97,279	2,558,555
Improvements other than buildings	66,227,906	666,637	(160,436)	5,172,305	71,906,412
Vehicles	1,196,867	-	(31,282)	(85,884)	1,079,701
Machinery and equipment	2,363,679	175,646	(69,544)	615,191	3,084,972
Office equipment	132,319				132,319
Total capital assets being depreciated	72,391,175	842,283	(270,390)	5,798,891	78,761,959
Less: accumulated depreciation for					
Building	(1,129,074)	(323,595)	9,128	-	(1,443,541)
Improvements other than buildings	(24,044,513)	(1,490,336)	22,519	(154,465)	(25,666,795)
Vehicles	(740,144)	(141,215)	31,282	192,048	(658,029)
Machinery and equipment	(1,075,111)	(157,189)	69,284	(187,585)	(1,350,601)
Office equipment	(118,558)	(8,011)			(126,569)
Total accumulated depreciation	(27,107,400)	(2,120,346)	132,213	(150,002)	(29,245,535)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	45,283,775	(1,278,063)	(138,177)	5,648,889	49,516,424
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 53,047,322	\$ 398,896	\$ (138,177)	\$ 15,861	\$ 53,323,902

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	\$ 297,172 593,924 143,578 252,916
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 1,287,590
Business-type activities Water & Sewer Golf course	\$ 1,932,946 187,400
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 2,120,346
Internal Service Fund Garage fund	\$ 3,016

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Construction Commitments

The City has numerous active construction projects as of September 30, 2012. The projects include street, building, and storm drainage construction, park improvements, water system improvements, and sewer system improvements. These improvements are being paid with bond proceeds, EIC contributions and internally generated sources.

	Spent to Date	Remaining Commitments	Total Commitments
Governmental Activities			
River Trail Phase 1	\$ 461,943	\$ 63,057	\$ 525,000
Burleson Street Drainage	53,427	301,573	355,000
Lytle Park	125,501	22,873	148,374
Remedial Drainage Program	188,984	311,016	500,000
New City Hall	2,478,390	640,843	3,119,233
Library Renovation	352,238	1,812,762	2,165,000
River Trail A-F	9,408	5,990,592	6,000,000
Louise Hays/Lehman Park		2,000,000	2,000,000
	\$ 3,669,891	\$ 11,142,716	\$ 12,812,607
Business-type Activities			
ASR Well #3	\$ 528,966	\$ 818,942	\$ 1,347,908
Hwy 16 Utility Relocation	2,045,099	-	2,045,099
Replace Motor Control	572,641	30,572	603,213
Water Supply Acquisition	103,899	26,766	130,665
Meter Replacement	2,722,829	10,966	2,733,795
High Service Pump-River Hill	356,024	23,976	380,000
Birkdale Lift Station	623,849	106,151	730,000
Equipment Storage	535,330	14,670	550,000
I & I Rehab	1,763,439	62,165	1,825,604
WTP Improvements	179,471	34,529	214,000
Production Well-Meth Enc	1,014,850	285,207	1,300,057
Jefferson Lift Station	122,792	621,708	744,500
12" Water Line/Glen Rd	528,022	46,978	575,000
Ridgewood Transmission Line	131,245	2,968,755	3,100,000
Birkdale Lift Station/Force Main	402	6,299,599	6,300,000
G Street Interceptor	201,497	2,159,403	2,360,900
	\$ 11,430,354	\$ 13,510,387	\$ 24,940,741

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

	Balance September 30, 2011	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2012
KPUB				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 117,656	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 117,656
Construction in progress	2,447,285	2,148,383	(3,566,448)	1,029,220
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,564,941	2,148,383	(3,566,448)	1,146,876
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	4,630,271	187,061	(46,284)	4,771,048
Improvements other than buildings	46,911,568	3,359,702	(832,840)	49,438,430
Vehicles	1,599,264	20,494	(13,363)	1,606,395
Machinery and equipment	823,353	47,105	(1,980)	868,478
Total capital assets being depreciated	53,964,456	3,614,362	(894,467)	56,684,351
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(2,382,417)	(150,640)	46,284	(2,486,773)
Improvements other than buildings	(23,376,862)	(1,903,304)	984,006	(24,296,160)
Vehicles	(593,756)	(129,775)	2,748	(720,783)
Machinery and equipment	(359,627)	(36,711)		(396,338)
Total accumulated depreciation	(26,712,662)	(2,220,430)	1,033,038	(27,900,054)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	27,251,794	1,393,932	138,571	28,784,297
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,816,735	\$ 3,542,315	\$ (3,427,877)	\$ 29,931,173

KPUB uses a composite rate to depreciate its investment in the electric plant. The composite rate was 4.0% for the year ended September 30, 2012.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Note 5: Interfund Receivables, Payables, Loans and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables:

		Interfund Receivable		
Interfund Payable	Ger	eral Fund		
Water & Sewer Fund	\$	52,741		
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		46,212		
Internal Service Funds		4,268		
	\$	103,221		

The interfund receivable and payable listed above was necessary to prevent a cash deficit in the Golf fund at the end of the fiscal year.

Interfund transfers:

Transfer Fund	Transfer In	т	ransfer Out	Purpose of Transfer
General Fund	\$ 1,445,956	\$	207,188	Budgetary
Governmental IP Fund	1,192,571		195,956	Capital Projects
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	217,135		202,518	Budgetary
Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund	 		2,250,000	Budgetary
	\$ 2,855,662	\$	2,855,662	

- **Eliminations** Interfund transfers are reported in the governmental activities and business-type activities fund financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transfers are eliminated within the governmental activities column and within the business-type column.
- Purpose of Transfers Interfund transfers between the general fund and the nonmajor governmental funds relate to the funding of capital projects. The same is true within the Water & Sewer funds. However, the Water & Sewer fund also provides an administrative transfer to the general fund for indirect administrative costs.

Note 6: Long-term Debt

The City issues general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation bonds, contractual obligation bonds and notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

City of Kerrville, Texas Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2012

General Debt Currently Outstanding:

	Governmental	Business-type	Component Units
Certificate Obligations			
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007, 4.00% to 4.20%, maturing in annual installments of \$80,000 to \$150,000 through 2027	\$ 1,705,000	\$ -	\$ -
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008, 3.33%, maturing in annual installments of \$155,000 to \$225,000 through 2023	-	2,125,000	-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009, 3.00% to 4.25%, maturing in annual installments of \$380,000 to \$695,000 through 2029	4,560,000	4,315,000	-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2010, 2.00% to 4.25%, maturing in annual installments of \$90,000 to \$275,000 through 2030	-	3,555,000	-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011, 2.00% to 4.125%, maturing in annual installments of \$230,000 to \$435,000 through 2030	-	5,760,000	-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011A, 2.00% to 3.50%, maturing in annual installments of \$165,000 to \$255,000 through 2031	3,500,000	-	-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012, 2.00% to 2.50%, maturing in annual installments of \$270,000 to \$635,000 through 2032	3,465,000 \$ 13,230,000	6,440,000 \$ 22,195,000	- \$ -
General Obligations General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007, 4.00%, maturing in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$1,230,000 through 2022	\$ 2,596,575	\$ 3,238,425	\$ -
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, 2.00% to 4.00%, maturing in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$940,000 through 2017	1,942,425	2,422,575	
	\$ 4,539,000	\$ 5,661,000	\$ -
State Infrastructure Bank Loan State Infrastructure Bank Loan, Series 2006, 4.1% maturing in annual installments of \$76,945to \$196,540 through 2018	\$ 630,597	\$ 515,943	\$ -
Revenue Bonds Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 1999, 4.05% to 4.65%, maturing in annual installments of \$445,000 to \$485,000 through 2014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 950,000
City of Kerrville, Texas Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2001, 5.125% to 5.25%; maturing in annual installments of \$2,295,000 to \$2,415,000 through 2013	-	-	4,480,000
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,430,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

During the year ended September 30, 2012, the following changes occurred in business-type and governmental activities long-term debt:

	Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	End of Year	Within One- Year
Governmental Activities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,565,700	\$ -	\$ 26,700	\$ 4,539,000	\$ 376,025
Certificates of Obligation	6,878,200	6,965,000	613,200	13,230,000	290,000
State infrastructure bank loan	715,580	-	84,983	630,597	88,467
Unamortized bond premium/(discount)	180,994	137,810	8,321	310,483	18,507
Deferred amount on refunding	(315,856)		(21,762)	(294,094)	(21,762)
Net bonds payable	12,024,618	7,102,810	711,442	18,415,986	751,237
Compensated absences	665,632	518,528	498,146	686,014	513,399
Landfill closure and postclosure costs	3,075,005	40,123		3,115,128	
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 15,765,255	\$ 7,661,461	\$ 1,209,588	\$ 22,217,128	\$ 1,264,636
Business-type Activities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 5,694,300	\$ -	\$ 33,300	\$ 5,661,000	\$ 468,975
Certificates of Obligation	17,021,800	6,440,000	1,266,800	22,195,000	1,135,000
State infrastructure bank loan	585,475	-	69,532	515,943	72,382
Unamortized bond premium/(discount)	422,957	182,019	20,567	584,409	36,985
Deferred amount on refunding	(413,873)		(56,081)	(357,792)	(56,081)
Net bonds payable	23,310,659	6,622,019	1,334,118	28,598,560	1,657,261
Compensated absences	161,498	88,822	96,079	154,241	100,615
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$ 23,472,157	\$ 6,710,841	\$ 1,430,197	\$ 28,752,801	\$ 1,757,876
Discrete Component Units KPUB					
Revenue refunding bonds	\$ 6,775,000	\$ -	\$ 2,295,000	\$ 4,480,000	\$ 2,415,000
Unamortized bond premium	179,216	-	86,024	93,192	86,024
Deferred amount on refunding	(213,561)	-	(102,510)	(111,051)	(102,510)
_	6,740,655	-	2,278,514	4,462,141	2,398,514
EIC					
Revenue bonds	1,395,000		445,000	950,000	465,000
	\$ 8,135,655	\$ -	\$ 2,723,514	\$ 5,412,141	\$ 2,863,514

For the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

City of Kerrville, Texas Notes to Basic Financial Statements **September 30, 2012**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general debt:

	Government Activities					
Fiscal Years Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2013	\$ 754,492	\$ 589,497	\$ 1,343,989			
2013	779,244	564,564	1,343,808			
2014	1,143,595	537,170	1,680,765			
2016	1,180,876	501,726	1,682,602			
2017	1,222,768	462,934	1,685,702			
2017 2018 – 2022	6,388,622	1,692,039	8,080,661			
2013 – 2022 2023 – 2027	4,320,000	807,876	5,127,876			
2023 - 2027 $2028 - 2032$	2,610,000	155,904	2,765,904			
2020 – 2032	2,010,000	133,704	2,703,704			
Total	\$ 18,399,597	\$ 5,311,710	\$ 23,711,307			
		Business-type Activiti				
Fiscal Years Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2013	\$ 1,676,357	\$ 930,906	\$ 2,607,263			
2014	1,718,200	886,550	2,604,750			
2015	1,770,714	838,567	2,609,281			
2016	1,825,580	783,689	2,609,269			
2017	1,886,128	724,471	2,610,599			
2018 – 2022	9,629,964	2,629,149	12,259,113			
2023 – 2027	5,670,000	1,274,898	6,944,898			
2028 - 2032	4,195,000	306,611	4,501,611			
Total	\$ 28,371,943	\$ 8,374,841	\$ 36,746,784			
		EIC				
Fiscal Years Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2013	\$ 465,000	\$ 33,248	\$ 498,248			
2013	485,000	11,276	496,276			
2014	465,000	11,270	490,270			
Total	\$ 950,000	\$ 44,524	\$ 994,524			
		KPUB				
Fiscal Years Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2013	\$ 2,415,000	\$ 171,806	\$ 2,586,806			
2013	2,065,000	54,206	2,119,206			
Total	\$ 4,480,000	\$ 226,012	\$ 4,706,012			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

New Bond Issues

In December 2011, the City issued \$3,500,000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011A bonds allocated to governmental activities to acquire, construct and equip renovations and improvements to the City's parks and trails system and to pay issuance costs. The certificates were issued at a \$39,800 premium and incurred \$90,055 in issuance costs.

In March 2012, the City issued \$9,905,000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012. These bonds (allocated \$3,465,000 to governmental activities and \$6,440,000 to business activities) were issued to acquire, construct and equip renovations and improvements to the City's parks and trails system and to acquire, construct and equip extensions and improvements to the City's waterworks and sewer system and to pay issuance costs. The certificates were issued at a \$280,029 premium and incurred \$186,779 in issuance costs.

Note 7: Other Information

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss relating to general liability, the accidental loss of real and personal property damage to City assets, errors and omissions and personal risks which relate to workers' compensation. The City participates in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool. As an insured, the City is not obligated to reimburse the pool for losses. Any losses reported but unsettled or incurred and not reported, are believed to be insignificant to the City's basic financial statements.

The City provides health care benefits on a fully insured basis to eligible employees. The City contributes 100% of the premium for employee coverage and 57% of the premium for dependent coverage. All funds are deposited into the internal service fund and paid to the provider out of the same fund.

Commercial insurance is purchased for the other risks of losses to which the City is exposed. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage and settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the two prior years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future post closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of the landfill postclosure care cost is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill postclosure care costs is based on 71% usage (filled) of the landfill. It is estimated that an additional \$1,309,808 will be recognized as post closure care expenses between the date of the statement of net assets and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity (2016). The City's estimated total current cost of the landfill postclosure care of \$4,425,026 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of September 30, 2012. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The City has contractually obligated the landfill operator to bear the cost of the landfill closure. The City monitors the closure costs and meets the financial assurance requirements noted below.

The City's financial assurance requirements for closure and post closure care costs are being met through the financial test specified in TAC §37.271 (relating to Local Government Financial Test).

Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a party in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City contracts for garbage disposal with a third-party. Under the terms of the agreement the city bills and collects the residential billing and remits that amount to the contracting party. The contractor bills the commercial customers and remits a franchise fee to the City based on total revenues received from the contract.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Note 8: Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P.O. Box 149153, Austin, Texas, 78714-9153, or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on the TMRS website at www.tmrs.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	2010	2011	2012
Employee deposit rate	7%	7%	7%
1 1	.,,		. , .
Matching ratio (employer to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed			
as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20,	60/5, 0/20,	60/5, 0/20,
	100%, Repeating		100%, Repeating
Updated service credit	Transfers	0%	Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	50% of CPI Repeating	0% of CPI	0% of CPI

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually, the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeated benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect, The annual pension cost and net pension obligation (asset) are as follows:

	Fiscal Years Ended Sept 30,					
	20	12	20)11		2010
NPO, beginning of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Annual required contribution	1,1	94,876	1,4	480,136		2,003,702
Contributions made (100%)	1,1	94,876	1,	480,136		2,003,702
NPO, end of year	\$		\$		\$	

The required contribution rates for calendar years 2011 and 2012 were determined as part of the December 31, 2010 and 2011, actuarial valuations, respectively. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2011, also follows:

Summary of the actuarial assumptions used is as follows:

-	2010	2011	2012
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll	Level percent of payroll	Level percent of payroll
GASB 25 equivalent single amortization period	28 years; closed period	28 years; closed period	25 years; closed period
Amortization period for new gains/losses	30 years	25 years	25 years
Asset valuation method	Amortized cost	10-year smoothed market	10-year smoothed market
Actuarial Assumptions			
Investment rate of return *	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
Projected salary increases *	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service
* Includes inflation at	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
cost of living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

The funded status as of December 31, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 51,308,746
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 53,838,919
Funded rate	95.3%
Unfunded AAL	\$ 2,530,173
Covered payroll	\$ 13,805,563
Unfunded AAL as a % of covered payroll	18.3%

Trend information is presented below for the three most recent plan years:

Plan Years September 30,	Co	Annual ontributions	Pe	Annual ension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Pension Obligation (Asset)
2010	\$	2,003,702	\$	2,003,702	100%	-
2011		1,480,136		1,480,136	100%	-
2012		1,194,876		1,194,876	100%	-

The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits, and discloses updated actuarial assumption that recently occurred.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Note 9: Investment in Joint Venture

The City and Kerr County (the Participants) operate a municipal airport under a joint venture agreement. Participants provide financial support and are entitled to an undivided 50% interest in the physical property. The following is a condensed financial information for the airport as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012:

Assets			
		Revenues	
Cash	\$ 398,850	Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 665,181
Receivables	2,588	Charges for Services	209,805
Prepaid items	272		
Nondepreciable property		Total Revenues	874,986
Land	2,849,809		
Construction in progress	194,978	Expenses	
Depreciable property, net		Airport operations	682,499
Buildings	1,462,772	Refund to Entities	111,859
Improvements	11,742,952		
Vehicle	9,971	Total Expenses	794,358
Machinery and equipment	16,203	•	
	<u> </u>	Operating income	80,628
Total assets	\$ 16,678,395	F 8	
		General Revenues	
		Miscellaneous revenue	297
		Unrestricted investment earnings	193
iabilities and Net Assets		g.	490
Liabilities		Change in Net Assets	81,118
Accounts payable	\$ 75,120	change in 1 tot 1255cts	01,110
Deferred revenue	31,650	Net Assets, Beginning of Period	16,487,558
Other current liabilities	2,950	recensistes, beginning of refloa	10,107,550
oner current machines	2,730	Net Assets, Ending of Period	\$ 16.568.676
Total liabilities	109,720	Net Assets, Ending of Period	\$ 16,568,676
		Net Assets, Ending of Period	\$ 16,568,676
Total liabilities Net Assets		Net Assets, Ending of Period	\$ 16,568,676
Total liabilities Net Assets Invested in capital assets	109,720	Net Assets, Ending of Period	\$ 16,568,676
Total liabilities Net Assets	109,720	Net Assets, Ending of Period	\$ 16,568,676

Note 10: Subsequent Event

After year-end, the City issued City of Kerrville, Texas Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013 in the amount of \$10.0 million. Proceeds will be used for capital improvements including extensions and improvements to the waterworks and sewer system. During this process, the City's credit rating was upgraded to "AA" by Standard & Poor's.



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Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress September 30, 2012

Exhibit B-1

		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL as a
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Liability AAL (UAAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio as a Percentage	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2009	27,570,274	41,493,389	13,923,115	66.4%	14,181,671	98.2%
12/31/2010 *	29,089,086	34,001,942	4,912,856	85.6%	14,100,396	34.8%
12/31/2010 **	48,347,946	48,182,214	(165,732)	100.3%	14,100,396	-1.18%
12/31/2011	51,308,746	53,838,919	2,530,173	95.3%	13,805,563	18.3%

^{*} Actuarial valuation performed under the original fund structure

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with the perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In June 2011, SB 350 was enacted by the Texas Legislature, resulting in a restructure of the TMRS funds. This legislation provided for the actuarial valuation to be completed as if restructuring had occurred on December 31, 2010. In addition, the actuarial assumptions were updated for the new fund structure, based on an actuarial experience study that was adopted by the TMRS Board at their May 2011 meeting (the review compared actual to expected experience for the four-year period of January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2009). For a complete description of the combined impact of the legislation and new actuarial assumptions, including the effects of TMRS city rates and funding ratios, please see the December 31, 2011, TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

^{**} Actuarial valuation performed under the new fund structure

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Budget Basis) Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Ad valorem taxes, penalties and interest	\$ 14,401,600	\$ 14,501,600	\$ 15,438,470	\$ 936,870		
Intergovernmental	1,173,000	1,173,000	1,178,804	5,804		
Licenses and permits	324,895	324,895	321,442	(3,453)		
Charges for services	2,605,461	2,605,461	2,548,745	(56,716)		
Fines and forfeitures	488,310	488,310	467,272	(21,038)		
Grants	26,500	26,500	27,359	859		
Investment income	55,219	55,219	39,789	(15,430)		
Miscellaneous	960,606	1,023,353	1,065,896	42,543		
Total revenues	20,035,591	20,198,338	21,087,777	889,439		
Expenditures						
General government						
City council	7,091	7,091	3,333	3,758		
City clerk	143,983	144,445	130,477	13,968		
Legal	255,525	255,525	249,986	5,539		
Municipal court	306,495	338,037	307,777	30,260		
City Manager	353,224	353,224	351,811	1,413		
Human resources	287,876	292,633	282,803	9,830		
Finance	339,750	339,750	329,555	10,195		
Information systems	599,235	599,235	584,492	14,743		
Economic development	31,800	31,800	24,807	6,993		
Landfill operations	439,989	439,989	334,218	105,771		
General operations	1,101,691	1,275,141	1,117,037	158,104		
Total general government	3,866,659	4,076,871	3,716,296	360,575		
Public safety						
Police	4,728,580	4,731,080	4,546,668	366,949		
Fire	3,662,993	3,665,493	3,696,191	(30,699)		
Fire marshall	101,305	157,954	147,611	10,343		
Emergency medical services	2,494,302	2,494,302	2,262,914	231,388		
Total public safety	10,987,180	11,048,829	10,653,384	577,982		
Public works						
Planning	237,702	168,467	178,214	(9,747)		
Construction development	314,000	327,979	311,980	15,999		
Public services	365,493	365,493	353,772	11,721		
Streets	1,860,000	1,997,570	1,839,712	157,858		
Code enforcement	185,029	127,269	122,780	4,489		
Total public works	2,962,224	2,986,778	2,806,458	180,320		

Exhibit B-2

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Cultural and recreation					
Parks administration	372,894	376,480	366,949	9,531	
Tennis center	30,300	30,300	27,418	2,882	
Swimming pools	100,137	106,945	100,730	6,215	
Parks maintenance	738,277	734,042	697,175	36,867	
Recreation	145,586	139,427	114,290	25,137	
Library	653,144	653,144	621,401	31,743	
Total cultural and recreation	2,040,338	2,040,338	1,927,963	112,375	
Economic development					
Business programs	175,386	175,386	166,718	8,668	
Capital outlay	300,000	300,000	451,565	(151,565)	
Total expenditures	20,331,787	20,628,202	19,722,384	1,088,355	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(296,196)	(429,864)	1,365,393	1,977,794	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in other funds	1,550,000	1,567,570	1,445,956	(121,614)	
Transfers out other funds	(492,135)	(509,705)	(207,188)	302,517	
Total other financing sources	1,057,865	1,057,865	1,238,768	180,903	
Net Changes in Fund Balance	761,669	628,001	2,604,161	2,158,697	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	6,136,275	6,136,275	6,136,275		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 6,897,944	\$ 6,764,276	\$ 8,740,436	\$ 1,976,160	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2012

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to adoption of a formal budget, the City Manager must file by August 1 with the City Clerk a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments.

Prior to October 1, the budget is adopted and legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.

The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between accounts within any department; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council. Budgeted amounts in this report include transfers and revisions to the original appropriations ordinance; most department budgets were modified during the year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The City uses the encumbrance basis which is comprised of GAAP basis transactions modified by encumbrances made for legal obligations incurred as of year-end. Annual budgets are not adopted for capital projects funds which use project length budgets for projects which encompass two or more fiscal years.

Budgets have been adopted for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds (Library Memorial, Hotel Reserve, Hotel/Motel Tax, History Center) and the Debt Service Fund.

Annual budgeted expenditures are adopted at the department level within funds. As described above, the City Manager is authorized to make transfers within a department. Accordingly, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations is the department level.

Appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at year-end.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2012

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following departures had expenditures in excess of appropriations:

Fund/Major Function Department	Excess Expenditures			
General Fund				
Public Safety				
Fire	\$	(30,699)		
Public Works				
Planning	\$	(9,747)		
Capital outlay	\$	(151,565)		

Modified Approach for Capital Assets - Street System

The City implemented the modified approach for its street system in connection with implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 during the year-ended September 30, 2009. Three-year and five-year historical information, respectively, for pavement condition and maintenance comparisons will be presented on a prospective basis.

	Pavement Condition Index of Street Systems					
Classification	2012	2011	2010			
Secondary arterial	89	88	90			
Collector	79	77	77			
Industrial	87	89	91			
Residential	79	79	79			
Overall system	79	79	80			

	Comparison of Needed-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation								
	2012		2011		2010		2009		2008
Overall system									
Needed	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Actual	580,000		418,496		550,000	1,5	500,000		592,000

The condition of road pavement is measured using the Asphalt Institute Pavement Rating System (AIPRS), which is based on a weighted-average of 11 visual deficiency factors found in pavement surfaces. AIPRS uses a measurement scale that is based on a Condition Index ranging from 0 for failed pavement to 100 for a pavement in perfect condition. The Condition Index is used to classify roads in very good condition (92 - 100), good condition (81 - 91), fair condition (70 - 80), poor condition (61 - 69), and very poor condition (0 - 50). It is the City's policy (as set forth in Resolution No. 038-2004, dated March 23, 2004) to maintain an overall weighted-average Condition Index of 75. Complete condition assessments are determined every three years.



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Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2012

Special Revenue Funds

	_ibrary emorial	Hote	el/Motel Tax	Hot	el Reserve Fund	Hist	ory Center	G	irant
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable	\$ 9,002 1,715	\$	168,784 32,149	\$	436,743 83,189	\$	101,705 19,372	\$	764 145
Total assets	\$ 10,717	\$	200,933	\$	519,932	\$	121,077	\$	909
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liability Deferred revenue	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Total liabilities	 				_		-		-
Fund Balances Restricted Committed	 10,717		200,933		519,932		121,077		909
Total fund balances	 10,717		200,933		519,932		121,077		909
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 10,717	\$	200,933	\$	519,932	\$	121,077	\$	909

Exhibit C-1

Capital Projects Funds			Debt	Service Fund	_			
Park Land 433 Water Dedication Street			De	ebt Service Fund	Tot	Total Nonmajor Funds		
\$ 78,442 14,941	\$	- - -	\$	1,046,963 199,422 46,445	\$	1,842,402 350,934 46,445		
\$ 93,383	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,292,830	\$	2,239,781		
\$ 	\$		\$	38,113	\$	38,113		
 				38,113		38,113		
93,383		- -		1,254,717		1,976,491 225,177		
93,383				1,254,717		2,201,668		
\$ 93,383	\$		\$	1,292,830	\$	2,239,781		

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2012

Special	Revenue	Funds
---------	---------	--------------

	Library Memorial	Hotel/Motel Tax	Hotel Reserve Fund	History Center	Grant
Revenues					
License and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes and penalties	-	853,661	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	640	-
Grants	24,136	-	-	-	482,945
Investment income	30	-	1,393	271	-
Miscellaneous	33,393			12,001	
Total revenues	57,559	853,661	1,393	12,912	482,945
Expenditures					
Current Cultural and recreation	19,342	858,800		8,605	
Public safety	19,542	636,600	-	8,003	13,277
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	458,189
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	430,109
Principal	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	19,342	858,800		8,605	471,466
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	38,217	(5,139)	1,393	4,307	11,479
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other funds	-	135,000	-	-	_
Transfers to other funds	(27,500)	(20,000)	(135,000)		(19,657)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(27,500)	115,000	(135,000)		(19,657)
Net Change in Fund Balances	10,717	109,861	(133,607)	4,307	(8,178)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		91,072	653,539	116,770	9,087
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 10,717	\$ 200,933	\$ 519,932	\$ 121,077	\$ 909

Capital Projects Funds			Debt	Service Fund		
rk Land dication		Water reet	De	ebt Service Fund	Tota	al Nonmajor Funds
\$ 6,949 - - - 206	\$	- - - 1	\$	1,265,974 - - 3,096	\$	6,949 2,119,635 640 507,081 4,997
7,155		1		99,630		145,024 2,784,326
- - -		- - -		- - -		886,747 13,277 458,189
 -		-		724,883 618,767		724,883 618,767
				1,343,650		2,701,863
7,155		11		25,050		82,463
 <u>-</u>		(361)		82,135		217,135 (202,518)
7,155		(361)		82,135 107,185		97,080
86,228		360		1,147,532		2,104,588
\$ 93,383	\$		\$	1,254,717	\$	2,201,668

Library Memorial Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Fina	ance With
	Original			Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,136	\$	24,136
Investment income		5,000		5,000		30		(4,970)
Miscellaneous		32,000		32,000		33,393		1,393
Total revenues		37,000		37,000		57,559		20,559
Expenditures								
Culture and recreation		37,000		37,000		19,342		17,658
Total expenditures		37,000		37,000		19,342		17,658
Excess of revenues over expenditures		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		38,217		38,217
Other Financing Uses								
Transfer to other funds						(27,500)		(27,500)
Total other financing uses						(27,500)		(27,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		10,717		10,717
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year								
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,717	\$	10,717

Hotel Reserve Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Final	nce With Budget
	(Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Investment income	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	1,393	\$	(607)
Total revenues		2,000		2,000		1,393		(607)
Other Financing Uses								
Transfer to other funds		(55,000)		(135,000)		(135,000)	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(53,000)		(133,000)		(133,607)		(607)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		653,539		653,539		653,539		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	600,539	\$	520,539	\$	519,932	\$	(607)

Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance With Final Budget	
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	855,000	\$	855,000	\$	853,661	\$	(1,339)	
Investment income		215		215				(215)	
Total revenues		855,215		855,215		853,661		(1,554)	
Expenditures									
Culture and recreation		910,000		910,000		858,800		51,200	
Total expenditures		910,000		910,000		858,800		51,200	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(54,785)		(54,785)		(5,139)		49,646	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfer to other funds		-		-		(20,000)		(20,000)	
Transfer from other funds		55,000		135,000		135,000			
Net Change in Fund Balances		215		80,215		109,861		29,646	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		91,072		91,072		91,072			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	91,287	\$	171,287	\$	200,933	\$	29,646	

History Center Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance With Final Budget	
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	1,475	\$	1,475	\$	640	\$	(835)	
Investment income		225		225		271		46	
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000		12,001		1	
Total revenues		13,700		13,700		12,912		(788)	
Expenditures									
Cultural and recreation		15,845		15,845		8,605		7,240	
Total expenditures		15,845		15,845		8,605		7,240	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,145)		(2,145)		4,307		6,452	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,145)		(2,145)		4,307		6,452	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		116,770		116,770		116,770			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	114,625	\$	114,625	\$	121,077	\$	6,452	

Debt Service Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes and penalties	\$ 1,222,450	\$ 1,222,450	\$ 1,265,974	\$ 43,524	
Investment income	2,147	2,147	3,096	949	
Miscellaneous			99,630	99,630	
Total revenues	1,224,597	1,224,597	1,368,700	144,103	
Expenditures					
Debt service	1,259,197	1,348,363	1,343,650	4,713	
Total expenditures	1,259,197	1,348,363	1,343,650	4,713	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(34,600)	(123,766)	25,050	148,816	
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers from other funds	82,135	82,135	82,135		
Total other financing sources	82,135	82,135	82,135		
Net Change in Fund Balances	47,535	(41,631)	107,185	148,816	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,147,532	1,147,532	1,147,532		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,195,067	\$ 1,105,901	\$ 1,254,717	\$ 148,816	

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2012

	Garage	Flexfund Insurance	Flexible Spending	Total Internal Service Funds	
Assets					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,993	\$ 535,635	\$ -	\$ 577,629	
Investments	7,999	102,026	-	110,024	
Inventories	24,898	-	-	24,898	
Prepaid expenses		1,727		1,727	
Total current assets	74,890	639,388		714,278	
Capital Assets					
Buildings	159,000	-	-	159,000	
Vehicles	25,556	-	-	25,556	
Machinery and equipment	32,930	-	-	32,930	
Accumulated depreciation	(209,017)			(209,017)	
Net capital assets	8,469			8,469	
Total assets	83,359	639,388		722,747	
Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,273	1,766	-	4,039	
Due to other funds	4,268	-	-	4,268	
Accrued compensated absences	16,818			16,818	
Total liabilities	23,359	1,766		25,125	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets	8,469	-	_	8,469	
Restricted	51,531	637,622		689,153	
Total net assets	60,000	637,622		697,622	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 83,359	\$ 639,388	\$ -	\$ 722,747	

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Garage	Flexfund Insurance	Flexible Spending	Total Internal Service Funds
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 242,515	\$ 2,833,445	\$ -	\$ 3,075,960
Total revenues	242,515	2,833,445		3,075,960
Operating Expenses				
Personnel services	216,792	306,404	3,779	526,975
Repairs and maintenance	913	-	-	913
Supplies and materials	9,379	-	-	9,379
Utilities	5,492	-	-	5,492
Depreciation and amortization	3,016	-	-	3,016
General administration	7,332	-	-	7,332
Premiums and other charges		2,429,587	9,730	2,439,317
Total operating expenses	242,924	2,735,991	13,509	2,992,424
Operating income (loss)	(409)	97,454	(13,509)	83,536
Nonoperating revenue				
Investment income		1,555		1,555
Total nonoperating revenue		1,555		1,555
Net Change in Net Assets	(409)	99,009	(13,509)	85,091
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	60,409	538,613	13,509	612,531
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 60,000	\$ 637,622	\$ -	\$ 697,622

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Ga	arage	Flexfund nsurance	lexible pending	tal Internal rvice Funds
Operating Activities					
Cash received from customers	\$	242,515	\$ 2,833,445	\$ -	\$ 3,075,960
Cash payments to employees		(216,311)	(306,404)	-	(522,715)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(19,870)	 (2,223,794)	 (13,509)	(2,257,173)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		6,334	 303,247	(13,509)	 296,072
Investing Activities					
Sale (Purchase) of investments		(3,197)	(65,412)	1,486	(67,122)
Investment income			 1,555	 	 1,555
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(3,197)	 (63,857)	 1,486	 (65,567)
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,137	239,390	(12,023)	230,505
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		38,856	 296,245	 12,023	 347,124
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	41,993	\$ 535,635	\$ 	\$ 577,629
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(409)	\$ 97,454	\$ (13,509)	\$ 83,536
Item not requiring cash					
Depreciation		3,016	-	-	3,016
Change in					
Decrease (increase) in inventories		2,395	-	-	2,395
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		-	206,658	-	206,658
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		851	(865)	-	(14)
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages payable	-	481	 	 	 481
Total adjustments		6,743	 205,793		 212,536
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	6,334	\$ 303,247	\$ (13,509)	\$ 296,072

Balance Sheet Economic Improvement Corporation September 30, 2012

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,242,667
Investments	617,651
Due from other governments	 436,689
	\$ 4,297,007
Total assets	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 107,379
Total liabilities	\$ 107,379
Fund Balances	
Restricted for debt service	\$ 421,672
Restricted for capital projects	1,542,328
Unassigned	2,225,628
Ç	
Total fund balance	4,189,628
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,297,007
Reconciliation of EIC Fund Balance Sheet to Discretely Presented	
Component Unit Statement of Net Assets	
Total fund balances – EIC balance sheet	\$ 4,189,628
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Discretely Presented	
Component Unit Statement of Net Assets are Different Because	6.000
Deferred bond issuance costs are not reported in the funds	6,989
Accrued bond interest is not reported in the funds	(5,493)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds	1,138,436
Sales tax revenue bonds are not reported in the funds	 (950,000)
EIC net assets	\$ 4,379,560

Economic Improvement Corporation Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Revenues Sales and other taxes Investment income Other income	\$ 2,559,469 8,203 76,513
Total revenues	 2,644,185
Expenditures	
General government	1,548,344
Debt service – principal payment	445,000
Debt service – interest payment	 54,066
Total expenditures	 2,047,410
Excess of revenues under expenditures	 596,775
Net Change in Fund Balance	596,775
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 3,592,853
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,189,628
Reconciliation of EIC Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Change in Fund Balances to Discrete Presented Component Unit Statement of Activities EIC change in fund balance	\$ 596,775
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Discretely Presented Component Unit Statement Activities are Different Because	
Amortization of bond issuance costs are not reported in the funds	(3,500)
Change in accrued bond interest payable	2,531
Bond principal payment is not reported in the Statement of Activities	 445,000
EIC change in net assets	\$ 1,040,806



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Statistical Section

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Kerrville's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. The tables herein, are unaudited.

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Debt Capacity	90
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	95
The schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments	
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The schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	e

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Assets by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands) September 30, 2012

Table D-1

							i isca	I Year											
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
\$	21,165 9,668	\$	19,649 10,072	\$	28,690 4,268	\$	31,632 3,446	\$	38,146 1,468	\$	38,524 3,640	\$	50,261 2,207	\$	45,568 5,712	\$	49,627 6,251	\$	57,920 1,509
	773		5,603		8,399		10,432		9,212		8,101		2,756		7,616		10,097		15,355
\$	31,606	\$	35,324	\$	41,357	\$	45,510	\$	48,826	\$	50,265	\$	55,224	\$	58,896	\$	65,975	\$	74,784
\$	22,455 1,345	\$	17,893 10,540	\$	21,902 8,561	\$	25,937 5,711	\$	29,487 5,345	\$	31,994 6,611	\$	39,572 4,809	\$	37,551 10,245	\$	38,078 8,641	\$	38,405 7,636
\$	23,800	\$	28,433	\$	30,463	\$	31,648	\$	34,832	\$	38,605	\$	44,381	\$	47,796	\$	46,719	\$	46,041
\$	43,620	\$	37,542	\$	50,592	\$	57,569	\$	67,633	\$	70,518	\$	89,833	\$	83,119	\$	87,705	\$	96,325
	9,668		10,072		4,268		3,446		1,468		3,640		2,207 7,565		5,712		6,251		1,509
4.	£	9,668 773 \$ 31,606 \$ 22,455 1,345 \$ 23,800	9,668 773 \$ 31,606 \$ \$ 22,455 \$ 1,345 \$ \$ 23,800 \$	9,668 10,072 5,603 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 10,540 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433	9,668 10,072 5,603 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ \$ \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 1,345 10,540 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$	9,668 10,072 4,268 773 5,603 8,399 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 1,345 10,540 8,561 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592	9,668 773 5,603 8,399 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 1,345 10,540 \$ 8,561 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ \$ \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ \$ 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 \$ \$ 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633 \$	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 3,640 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 8,101 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ 50,265 \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 \$ 31,994 \$ 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 6,611 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ 38,605 \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633 \$ 70,518	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 3,640 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 8,101 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ 50,265 \$ \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 \$ 31,994 \$ \$ 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 6,611 \$ \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ 38,605 \$ \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633 \$ 70,518 \$	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 3,640 2,207 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 8,101 2,756 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ 50,265 \$ 55,224 \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 \$ 31,994 \$ 39,572 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 6,611 4,809 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ 38,605 \$ 44,381 \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633 \$ 70,518 \$ 89,833	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 3,640 2,207 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 8,101 2,756 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ 50,265 \$ 55,224 \$ \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 \$ 31,994 \$ 39,572 \$ \$ 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 6,611 4,809 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ 38,605 \$ 44,381 \$ \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633 \$ 70,518 \$ 89,833 \$	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 3,640 2,207 5,712 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 8,101 2,756 7,616 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ 50,265 \$ 55,224 \$ 58,896 \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 \$ 31,994 \$ 39,572 \$ 37,551 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 6,611 4,809 10,245 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ 38,605 \$ 44,381 \$ 47,796 \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633 \$ 70,518 \$ 89,833 \$ 83,119	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 3,640 2,207 5,712 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 8,101 2,2756 7,616 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ 50,265 \$ 55,224 \$ 58,896 \$ \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 \$ 31,994 \$ 39,572 \$ 37,551 \$ \$ 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 6,611 4,809 10,245 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ 38,605 \$ 44,381 \$ 47,796 \$ \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633 \$ 70,518 \$ 89,833 \$ 83,119 \$	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 3,640 2,207 5,712 6,251 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 8,101 2,756 7,616 10,097 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ 50,265 \$ 55,224 \$ 58,896 \$ 65,975 \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 \$ 31,994 \$ 39,572 \$ 37,551 \$ 38,078 \$ 1,345 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 6,611 4,809 10,245 8,641 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ 38,605 \$ 44,381 \$ 47,796 \$ 46,719 \$ 43,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633 \$ 70,518 \$ 89,833 \$ 83,119 \$ 87,705	9,668 10,072 4,268 3,446 1,468 3,640 2,207 5,712 6,251 773 5,603 8,399 10,432 9,212 8,101 2,756 7,616 10,097 \$ 31,606 \$ 35,324 \$ 41,357 \$ 45,510 \$ 48,826 \$ 50,265 \$ 55,224 \$ 58,896 \$ 65,975 \$ \$ 22,455 \$ 17,893 \$ 21,902 \$ 25,937 \$ 29,487 \$ 31,994 \$ 39,572 \$ 37,551 \$ 38,078 \$ 1,345 \$ 10,540 8,561 5,711 5,345 6,611 4,809 10,245 8,641 \$ 8,641 \$ 23,800 \$ 28,433 \$ 30,463 \$ 31,648 \$ 34,832 \$ 38,605 \$ 44,381 \$ 47,796 \$ 46,719 \$ \$ 44,6719 \$ 44,6719 \$ 44,620 \$ 37,542 \$ 50,592 \$ 57,569 \$ 67,633 \$ 70,518 \$ 89,833 \$ 83,119 \$ 87,705 \$ 8,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 \$ 30,705 <

Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$	2,528	\$	3,987	\$	4,292	\$	5,345	\$	8,253
Public safety		7,249		7,768		7,934		8,122		9,854
Culture and recreation		2,544		2,559		2,862		3,023		3,685
Development and public works		3,883		2,085		2,295		2,311		2,417
Business programs		216		158		188		211		314
Non departmental		995		687		168		_		_
Interest on long-term debt		790		506		491		467		572
Total governmental activities expenses		18,205		17,750		18,230		19,479		25,095
Description of Autorities										
Business-type Activities		5.020		4.800		4.020		5 700		6 104
Water and sewer services		5,028		4,899		4,939		5,709		6,104
Emergency medical services		1,486		1,631		1,627		1,863		-
Kerrville Schreiner Park				250		375		450		492
Golf course		1,066		934		882		923		929
Total business-type activities expenses		7,580		7,714		7,823		8,945		7,525
Total primary government expenses	\$	25,785	\$	25,464	\$	26,053	\$	28,424	\$	32,620
Program Revenue										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for services										
General government	\$	1,028	\$	1,803	\$	2,110	\$	2,376	\$	2,486
Public safety	Ψ	483	Ψ	427	Ψ	549	Ψ	761	Ψ	3,399
Cultural and recreation		135		110		159		479		172
		155		243		282		417		359
Development and public works				243				41/		339
Business programs		85		212		-		-		-
Nondepartmental		65		212		-		-		205
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		2,292 108		1,425 274		1,089 1,347		879 382		205 1,707
Capital grants and contributions		100		2/4		1,547		302		1,707
Total governmental										
activities program revenues		4,211		4,494		5,536		5,294		8,328
Business-type Activities										
Charges for services										
Water and sewer services		6,045		6,229		6,509		7,714		7,537
Emergency medical services		1,465		1,604		1,429		1,493		-
Kerryille Schreiner Park				214		310		352		357
Golf course		914		792		797		852		794
Operating grants and contributions		168		627		38		779		32
Capital Grants and Contributions		665		3,004		130		38		2,077
T . 11										
Total business -type		0.255		10 150		0.212		11.220		10.505
activities program revenues		9,257		12,470		9,213		11,228		10,797
Total primary government										
program revenues	\$	13,468	\$	16,964	\$	14,749	\$	16,522	\$	19,125
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(13,994)	\$	(13,256)	\$	(12,694)	\$	(14,185)	\$	(16,767)
Business-type activities	Þ	1,677	Ф	4,756	Ф	1,390	Ф	2,283	Ф	3,272
	_				_				_	
Total primary government net expense	\$	(12,317)	\$	(8,500)	\$	(11,304)	\$	(11,902)	\$	(13,495)

Note: Kerrville Schreiner Park is reported as a governmental activity beginning in fiscal year 2011.

Table D-2

			Fiscal Y	ear					
	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
\$	4,938 11,533 3,262	\$	4,927 12,001 3,656	\$	4,594 11,880 2,707	\$	4,022 12,632 3,461	\$	4,077 11,312 3,082
	3,009 180		4,277 189		3,635 183		3,104 177		3,004 167
	459		372		655		717		645
	23,381		25,422		23,654		24,113		22,287
	6,612		8,601		7,582		8,198		8,737
	545 898		582 996		542 990		1 952		1,041
	8,055		10,179		9,114		9,151		9,778
\$	31,436	\$	35,601	\$	32,768	\$	33,264	\$	32,065
\$	2,474 2,339	\$	1,599 2,448	\$	5,200 2,589	\$	2,638 2,225	\$	2,126 1,327
	150 85		214 45		134		75 435		583 470
	- - 904		- - 1,564		1,473		- - 1,461		303
	1,234		6,883		351		2,959		5,553
	7,186		12,753		9,747		9,793		10,362
	8,803		8,758		8,943		10,536		10,009
	403 912		371 937		- 344 784		903		1,031
	685 1,421		5,935		4 2,723		- -		-
	12,224		16,001		12,798		11,439		11,040
\$	19,410	\$	28,754	\$	22,545	\$	21,232	\$	21,402
¢	(16.105)	•	(12.660)	ď	(12.007)	¢	(14.220)	¢	(11.025)
\$	(16,195) 4,169	\$	(12,669) 5,822	\$	(13,907) 3,684	\$	(14,320) 2,288	\$ ——	(11,925) 1,262
\$	(12,026)	\$	(6,847)	\$	(10,223)	\$	(12,032)	\$	(10,663)

General Revenues and Total Change in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

		2003	2004	2005		2006	2007
Net (Expense)/Revenue							
Governmental activities	\$	(13,994)	\$ (13,256)	\$ (12,694)	\$	(14,185)	\$ (16,767)
Business-type activities		1,677	 4,756	 1,390		2,283	 3,272
Total primary government net expense		(12,317)	(8,500)	 (11,304)		(11,902)	(13,495)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets							
Governmental activities							
Taxes							
Property taxes levied for general purposes		6,172	5,829	6,296		6,913	7,433
Property taxes levied for debt service			648	593		609	527
Sales and use taxes		5,724	5,998	6,465		6,967	7,212
Hotel occupancy taxes		653	692	801		906	938
Franchise taxes		1,340	1,321	1,436		1,749	1,752
Alcoholic beverage taxes		54	55	55		66	89
Capital contributions		-	225	-		-	-
Investment income		299	(32)	382		588	850
Miscellaneous income		-	-	25		201	525
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets		-	-	-		70	11
Transfers		288	 451	 (219)		(501)	 984
Total governmental activities		14,530	15,187	 15,834		17,568	 20,321
Business-Type Activities							
Investment income		133	129	255		302	289
Miscellaneous income		42	200	208		256	257
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets		-	-	-		-	(7)
Transfers		(288)	 (451)	 219		501	 (839)
Total business-type activities		(113)	 (122)	 682		1,059	 (300)
Total primary government	\$	14,417	\$ 15,065	\$ 16,516	\$	18,627	\$ 20,021
Change in Net Assets							
Governmental activities	\$	536	\$ 1,931	\$ 3,140	\$	3,383	\$ (4,391)
Business-type activities		1,564	 4,634	 2,072		3,342	 2,972
Total primary government	\$	2,100	\$ 6,565	\$ 5,212	\$	6,725	\$ (1,419)

Table D-3

2008		2009	2010		2011	2012
\$ (16,195) 4,169	\$	(12,669) 5,822	\$ (13,907) 3,684	\$	(14,320) 2,288	\$ (11,925) 1,262
(12,026)		(6,847)	(10,223)		(12,032)	(10,663)
7.602		9 120	9.255		0.214	9 420
7,693 894		8,130	8,255		8,314	8,439
4,966		1,006 4,926	1,301 4,537		1,242 4,773	1,216 5,120
977		882	873		846	854
2,019		1,930	1,764		1,836	1,826
72		67	60		58	53
-		-	-		-	-
392		168	78		52	56
		115	229		1,427	1,257
(202)		13	(19)		-	(235)
 824		390	 447		4,259	 2,149
17,635		17,627	17,525		22,807	 20,735
251		138	72		9	23
212		205	226		69	186
(35)		2	-		-	-
 (824)		(390)	 (447)		(4,259)	 (2,149)
 (396)		(45)	 (149)		(4,181)	 (1,940)
\$ 17,239	\$	17,582	\$ 17,376	\$	18,626	\$ 18,795
\$ 1,440	\$	4,958	\$ 3,618	\$	8,487	\$ 8,810
 3,773	-	5,777	 3,535	_	(1,893)	 (678)
\$ 5,213	\$	10,735	\$ 7,153	\$	6,594	\$ 8,132

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Table D-4

	Fiscal Year										
		2003	2004			2005					
General Fund Reserved	\$	3,174	\$	1,544	\$	1,290					
Unreserved		2,224		3,677		4,863					
Total General Fund	\$	5,398	\$	5,221	\$	6,153					
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved	\$	10,012	\$	8,743	\$	5,456					
Unreserved, Reported In Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds		2,108	·	1,555	·	1,544					
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	12,120	\$	10,298	\$	7,000					

	Fiscal Year											
		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010	2011	2012
General Fund												
Nonspendable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 35	\$ 33
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-	1,667	2,340
Committed		-		-		-		-		-	715	666
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-	3,719	5,701
Reserved		1,475		1,812		73		2,335		1,353	-	-
Unreserved		5,859		5,837		6,421		3,755		3,157		
Total General Fund	\$	7,334	\$	7,649	\$	6,494	\$	6,090	\$	4,510	\$ 6,136	\$ 8,740
All Other Governmental Funds												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-	1,901	9,266
Committed		-		-		-		-		-	5,093	762
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Reserved		4,540		6,425		969		1,390		1,494	-	-
Unreserved, Reported In												
Special Revenue Funds		2,632		3,219		536		706		875	-	-
Capital Projects Funds						2,929		5,970		4,670	 	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	7,172	\$	9,644	\$	4,434	\$	8,066	\$	7,039	\$ 6,994	\$ 10,028

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Revenues						
Taxes and penalties	\$	14,027	\$ 14,605	\$ 15,655	\$ 17,201	\$ 17,936
Licenses and permits		390	430	480	624	501
Intergovernmental		2,253	1,514	949	1,357	830
Charges for services		119	1,210	1,464	1,523	3,084
Grants		84	33	1,488	961	422
Fines and forfeitures		281	394	322	307	341
Investment income		298	226	374	581	820
Miscellaneous		968	768	 843	875	 906
Total revenues		18,420	 19,180	 21,575	 23,429	 24,840
Expenditures						
General government		2,758	3,907	4,032	4,422	5,755
Public Safety		6,926	7,613	7,452	7,839	10,243
Culture and recreation		2,367	2,409	2,629	3,036	3,717
Development and public works		2,652	2,080	2,073	2,199	2,297
Business programs		-	158	181	212	323
Nondepartmental		1,230	279	168	862	890
Capital outlay		1,193	4,322	6,192	2,365	2,814
Debt service		-,	.,	-,	_,	_,
Principal		590	620	589	605	629
Interest		711	514	480	456	436
Other charges		2	 2	 2	 1	 166
Total expenditures		18,429	 21,904	 23,798	 21,997	 27,270
Excess of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(9)	(2,724)	(2,223)	1,432	 (2,430)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Capital contributions		-	274	_	-	-
Capital lease obligation proceeds		70	_	_	_	_
Proceeds from debt issuance		-	_	_	-	6,242
Bond premium/discount		-	-	_	-	4
Proceeds from sale of assets		_	_	_	70	66
Payment to refunded bond						
escrow agent		_	_	_	_	(2,526)
Transfers-in		14,109	3,214	5,761	5,796	4,410
Transfers-out		(13,820)	(2,763)	(5,944)	(6,296)	(3,343)
Total other financing		(15,020)	 (2,700)	 (5,5)	 (0,2>0)	 (5,5.5)
sources (uses)		359	725	(183)	(430)	4,853
Net change in fund balances	\$	350	\$ (1,999)	\$ (2,406)	\$ 1,002	\$ 2,423
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		7.6%	6.5%	6.1%	5.4%	5.0%

Table D-5

	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
\$	16,554	\$	16,987	\$	16,790	\$	17,026	\$	17,558
Ф	491	Ф	428	Ф	346	Ф	366	Ф	328
	937		1,243		1,289		2,364		1,535
	1,938		1,964		1,850		2,629		2,549
	341		409		258		484		786
	420		506		507		656		467
	392		168		78		52		56
	1,250		1,307		1,345		1,270		1,211
	22,323		23,012		22,463		24,847		24,490
	4,439		4,576		4,304		3,704		3,716
	10,775		11,042		11,645		11,591		10,666
	3,147		3,336		2,685		3,071		2,815
	4,731 180		4,562 189		2,745 183		2,724 177		2,806 167
	100		109		165		1//		107
	363		432		2,503		841		6,536
	347		456		1,119		582		725
	460		371		653		719		619
	1		1_		1				155
	24,443		24,965		25,838		23,409		28,205
	(2.120)		(1.052)		(2 275)		1 //20		(2.715)
	(2,120)		(1,953)	-	(3,375)		1,438		(3,715)
	-		-		-		-		-
	-				-		-		-
	-		4,760		-		1,983		6,965
	33		18 13		-		151		138
	33		13		-		-		-
	-		-		-		(2,090)		-
	2,479		1,817		1,530		2,070		2,856
	(1,655)		(1,427)	-	(1,082)		(1,164)		(606)
	857		5,181		448		950		9,353
\$	(1,263)	\$	3,228	\$	(2,927)	\$	2,388	\$	5,638
	3.7%		3.5%		7.5%		5.9%		7.4%

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Table D-6

Fiscal Years	Property Tax	Sales & Use Tax	Occupancy Tax	Franchise Tax	Mixed Beverage Tax	Total	
2003	6,161	3,815	652	1,285	54	11,967	
2003	6,540	3,999	692	1,322	55	12,608	
2004	6,833	4,310	802	1,437	55	13,437	
2006	7,522	4,645	906	1,749	66	14,888	
2007	7,960	4,808	938	1,753	70	15,529	
2008	8,519	4,966	977	2,019	73	16,554	
2009	9,097	4,926	883	2,014	67	16,987	
2010	9,495	4,537	872	1,826	61	16,791	
2011	9,512	4,772	846	1,826	58	17,014	
2012	9,642	5,120	838	1,846	53	17,499	
Percent Change							
2003 – 2012	56.5%	34.2%	28.5%	43.66%	-1.9%	46.2%	

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Table D-7

Fiscal Years	Assessed Value	Less: Tax Exempt Real Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage or Actual Value
2003	1,113,458	17,780	1,095,678	0.5633	1,095,678	100%
2004	1,166,141	17,433	1,148,708	0.5633	1,148,708	100%
2005	1,326,954	114,244	1,212,710	0.5633	1,212,710	100%
2006	1,380,357	84,707	1,295,650	0.5578	1,295,650	100%
2007	1,686,874	116,651	1,570,223	0.5513	1,570,223	100%
2008	1,685,474	122,418	1,563,056	0.5500	1,563,056	100%
2009	1,847,126	594,562	1,252,564	0.5500	1,252,564	100%
2010	1,872,261	601,551	1,270,710	0.5625	1,270,710	100%
2011	1,882,517	622,484	1,260,033	0.5625	1,260,033	100%
2012	1,883,208	613,787	1,269,421	0.5625	1,269,421	100%

Source: Kerr County Central Appraisal District

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Table D-8

	City	of Kerrville Direct Tax F	Rate	0	verlapping Tax Rate	es	T (I D) (0
Fiscal Years	General Government	Debt Service	Total	School District	Kerr County	Guadalupe River Authority	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2003	0.5066	0.0567	0.5633	1.7530	0.3721	0.0434	2.7318
2004	0.5079	0.0554	0.5633	1.7520	0.3721	0.0434	2.7308
2005	0.5149	0.0484	0.5633	1.6700	0.3896	0.0374	2.6603
2006	0.5126	0.0452	0.5578	1.5000	0.3896	0.0275	2.4749
2007	0.5149	0.0364	0.5513	1.1500	0.3896	0.0363	2.1272
2008	0.4932	0.0568	0.5500	1.1800	0.4293	0.0329	2.1922
2009	0.4891	0.0609	0.5500	1.1800	0.4293	0.0329	2.1922
2010	0.4851	0.0774	0.5625	1.1800	0.4443	0.0329	2.2197
2011	0.4890	0.0735	0.5625	1.1800	0.4443	0.0324	2.2192
2012	0.4890	0.0735	0.5625	1.1800	0.4443	0.0324	2.2192

Source: Kerr County Central Appraisal District

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners (e.g.), the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table D-9

			2012			2003				
Taxpayer		Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value		Assessed Value		Percentage of Total City Assessed Value		
Windstream	\$	25,205,922	1	1.34%						
Emeritus	T	9,115,001	2	0.48%						
Wal-Mart Inc.		7,784,640		0.41%						
Comanche Trace Ranch & Golf		7,502,085	4	0.40%						
Wal-Mart Stores Inc. #508		7,018,452	5	0.37%	\$	14,017,262	2	1.18%		
Home Depot		6,694,883	6	0.36%		12,053,269	4	1.01%		
Lowe's		6,270,099	7	0.33%		12,818,527	3	1.07%		
Avery, James Craftsman Inc.		5,637,541	8	0.30%						
Atek Plastics		5,179,341	9	0.28%						
Atmos Energy/Mid-Tex Division		5,050,132	10	0.27%						
Kerrville Telephone Co.						24,532,173	1	2.06%		
Mooney Aircraft Corp.						11,425,395	5	0.96%		
Ameripark Kerrville Corp.						11,161,481	6	0.94%		
Kerrville Bus Company						4,472,443	7	0.37%		
1859-Historic Hotels, Ltd						4,308,036	8	0.36%		
Albertson's Inc.						4,160,802	9	0.35%		
Butt, Charles C. TTEE ETAL			_			4,019,134	10	0.34%		
		85,458,096	_	4.54%		\$102,968,522		8.63%		
All Other		1,797,750,399		95.46%	_	1,089,919,761		91.37%		
Total	\$	1,883,208,495	= =	100.00%	\$	1,192,888,283	= :	100.00%		

Source: Kerr Central Appraisal District

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Table D-10

			Coll	ected Within	FY of the Levy		Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Years	Taxes Levied for the FY				Percentage of Levy	Delinquent Collections in Subsequent Years		Combined Amount		Percentage of Levy
2003	\$	6,058	\$	6,031	99.55%	\$	19	\$	6,050	99.9%
2004		6,470		6,387	98.72%		73		6,460	99.8%
2005		6,811		6,742	98.99%		53		6,795	99.8%
2006		7,384		7,339	99.39%		22		7,361	99.7%
2007		7,895		7,785	98.61%		86		7,871	99.7%
2008		8,455		8,362	98.90%		40		8,402	99.4%
2009		9,040		8,861	98.02%		5		8,866	98.1%
2010		9,398		9,275	98.69%		-		9,275	98.7%
2011		9,439		9,298	98.51%		14		9,312	98.7%
2012		9,537		9,404	98.61%		22		9,426	98.8%

Source: Kerr Central Appraisal District

Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

Туре	2003	2004	2005	2006
Accommodation/food services	\$ 43,882,498	\$ 62,702,450	\$ 65,101,091	\$ 68,172,280
Admin/support/waste mgmt/remediation srvcs	7,853,261	12,298,693	12,323,806	13,299,811
Agriculture/forestry/fishing/hunting	-	2,742	22,116	35,417
Arts/entertainment/recreation	2,874,429	3,318,909	4,424,411	5,858,534
Construction	30,006,915	45,178,260	53,604,919	55,043,428
Educational services	-	13,720,951	15,144,648	15,412,866
Finance/insurance	416,409	598,810	623,206	585
Health care/social assistance	5,785,999	6,280,397	2,783,434	1,782,028
Information	20,646,430	26,206,208	29,256,311	32,558,327
Manufacturing	33,658,380	48,723,948	82,114,566	85,740,516
Mining/quarrying/oil and gas extraction	-	-	-	-
Other	2,340,275	1,227,372	194,943	2,656
Other services (except public administration)	43,721,545	63,248,501	60,017,991	57,201,113
Professional/scientific/technical services	6,417,924	24,939,107	17,326,184	22,360,842
Public administration	26,401,888	34,094,929	30,323,605	36,377,677
Real estate/rental/leasing	2,772,891	2,879,888	2,441,498	3,005,807
Retail trade	396,613,902	551,728,324	587,697,025	604,169,924
Transportation/warehousing	1,846,887	2,595,055	2,682,230	2,710,773
Wholesale trade	21,952,740	34,615,403	48,197,984	78,118,341
Management of companies/enterprises			9,627,348	
Total	\$ 647,192,373	\$ 934,359,947	\$ 1,023,907,316	\$ 1,081,850,925
Direct sales tax rate	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, *** Third and fourth quarters not available

Table D-11

	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		***2012
\$	72 472 507	\$	70 700 250	\$	73,976,846	\$	74 777 208	\$	75.367.568	\$	20 102 022
Ф	72,472,587	Ф	79,709,250 14,511,132	Ф		Ф	74,777,208	Ф	, ,	Ф	38,183,032
	13,813,495		<i>' '</i>		12,584,798		12,487,071		20,060,075		8,754,860
	1,455,359		1,783,726		155,040		40,197		33,643		41,776
	6,127,292		6,353,400		6,410,637		10,245,245		10,203,919		2,963,978
	71,008,454		73,056,708		82,928,490		60,295,196		78,350,310		39,732,237
	12,533,142		21,199,623		22,448,430		13,677,155		27,269,909		14,253,456
	4,500		-		636		192,706		6,275		6,448
	2,269,027		3,854,807		3,372,232		3,915,694		3,614,412		2,176,287
	33,926,843		31,220,301		30,481,547		24,866,344		23,979,339		12,253,891
	94,245,808		102,006,694		57,339,275		48,940,992		39,636,780		24,685,050
	2,154,458		12,802,985		7,150,181		398,584		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	57,953,413		47,552,517		42,876,628		44,416,436		44,651,159		22,741,810
	8,346,513		25,606,137		17,559,824		14,700,029		17,100,198		13,447,912
	33,932,290		37,657,444		122,436,391		31,580,361		38,957,201		22,662,807
	3,806,407		2,107,522		1,901,858		2,490,669		2,848,689		1,921,508
	614,179,010		637,216,432		567,285,481		636,717,056		672,668,692		345,792,355
	4,592,467		2,988,094		2,645,480		3,054,389		2,877,438		1,469,340
	72,911,430		79,739,508		58,580,998		55,808,281		48,756,748		28,067,190
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	
\$ 1	,105,732,495	\$	1,179,366,280	\$	1,110,134,772	\$	1,038,603,613	\$	1,106,382,355	\$	579,153,937
	1.50%		1.50%		1.50%		1.50%		1.50%		1.50%

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Table D-12

			Governmen	tal Activ	rities			
Fiscal Years	Ob	eneral ligation sonds	 ficates of ligation	Ban	k Loans	Capital Leases		
2003	\$	190	\$ 6,915	\$	_	\$	183	
2004		_	6,800		_		165	
2005		-	6,542		-		147	
2006		-	6,277		-		128	
2007		2,657	5,539		1,550		35	
2008		2,646	5,255		1,498		26	
2009		2,634	9,889		1,445		-	
2010		2,623	9,424		802		26	
2011		4,566	6,878		716		-	
2012		4,539	13,230		631		-	

Business-type A	Activities
-----------------	------------

Fiscal Years	Ob	ieneral oligation Bonds	ficates of ligation	er & Sewer Bonds	Ban	Percentage of Total Primary Personal Bank Loans Capital Leases Government Income		Total Primary Personal		Pe	Per Capita		
2003	\$	2,009	\$ 8,242	\$ 4,289	\$	_	\$	58	\$	21,886	5.85%	\$	1,032
2004		1,538	8,246	3,493		-		20		20,262	5.34%		934
2005		1,046	8,084	2,611		-		_		18,430	4.58%		837
2006		515	7,759	2,141		-		-		16,820	4.18%		751
2007		3,062	4,333	1,651		1,250		-		20,077	4.70%		879
2008		3,299	4,015	1,135		1,208		-		19,082	4.61%		819
2009		3,286	10,918	580		1,165		-		29,917	6.48%		1,308
2010		3,272	14,411	-		648		-		31,206	6.50%		1,346
2011		5,694	17,022	-		585		-		35,461	7.22%		1,541
2012		5,661	22,195	_		516		_		46,772	9.49%		2.091

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Table D-13

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Years	General Obligation Bonds		Less: Amounts Availiable In Debt Service Fund		Total		Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita	
2003	\$	190	\$	-	\$	190	0.02%	\$	9
2004		-		78		-	0.00%		-
2005		-		226		-	0.00%		-
2006		-		395		-	0.00%		-
2007		5,670		620		5,050	0.32%		221
2008		4,945		760		4,185	0.27%		180
2009		5,920		953		4,967	0.40%		217
2010		5,895		1,079		4,816	0.38%		208
2011		4,566		1,147		3,419	0.27%		153
2012		4,539		1,246		3,293	0.26%		147

Note: * Refer to Table D-12 for total debt

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Table D-14

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes			
Kerrville ISD	\$ 23,850,000	70%	\$ 16,728,978
Kerr County	11,418,367	43%	4,903,060
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			21,632,038
City of Kerrville Direct Debt	4,539,000	100%	4,539,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 26,171,038
Average Debt Per Capita			\$ 1,167

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Kerr Central Appraisal District. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Table D-15

		2003	2004 2005		2005	2006			
Debt limit Total net debt applicable	\$	99,271 190	\$ 104,075	\$	109,874	\$	117,389		
Legal debt margin		99,461	104,075		109,874		117,389		
Total net debt applicable to limit		0.19%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		
	_	2007	2008		2009		2010	2011	2012
Total taxable assessed value Annual payment	\$	142,266 948	\$ 141,266 942	\$	1,252,564 8,350	\$	1,244,875 8,299	\$ 1,260,033 8,400	\$ 1,269,421 8,463
			772		6,550		0,299	0,400	,
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$	(12,890) 2,657	\$ (12,799) 2,646	\$	(113,485) 2,634	\$	(112,788) 4,605	\$ (114,162) 4,566	\$ (115,012) 4,539

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for the Current Fiscal Year

Assessed value Exempt real property	\$ 1,269,421 613,787
	1,883,208
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	188,321
Debt applicable to limit General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for	4,539
repayment of general obligation debt	1,246
Total net debt applicable to limit	3,293
Legal debt margin	\$ 185,028

Note: The Constitution of Texas in Article 11, Section 5, limits the maximum amount that a home rule city can tax to \$2.50 per \$100 of valuation. The Attorney General of Texas has created a rule for the guidance of home rule cities which states that bond allowable under this constitutional provision shall be on the basis of no greater than \$1.50 per \$100 of assess valuation. Calculations are base on a 20 year payment term and at an annual interest rate of 4%.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Table D-16

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Years	Utility Service Charges		Less Operating Expenses*		Net Available Revenue		Principal		Interest		Coverage	
2003	\$	6,071	\$	4,380	\$	1,691	\$	1,195	\$	912	0.80	
2004		6,381		3,617		2,764		1,270		649	1.44	
2005		6,679		3,727		2,952		1,497		588	1.42	
2006		7,935		4,357		3,578		1,350		525	1.91	
2007		7,785		4,700		3,085		530		65	5.18	
2008		8,803		5,030		3,773		530		57	6.43	
2009		8,757		6,849		1,908		555		32	3.25	
2010		8,943		5,468		3,475		580		5	5.94	
2011		10,536		6,459		4,077		-		-	N/A	
2012		10,009		5,843		4,166		-		-	N/A	

Note: * Total operating expense excluding depreciation Note: * Refer to Table D-12 for total business-type debt

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table D-17

		2003		2004 2005			2006			2007	
Population		21,209		21,696		22,010		22,391		22,846	
Personal income (000s)	\$	428,273	\$	438,107	\$	444,448	\$	452,141	\$	461,329	
Per capita personal income	\$	20,193	\$	20,193	\$	20,193	\$	20,193	\$	20,193	
Median age		43.8		43.8		43.8		43.8		43.8	
Education level in years of schooling Percentage with high school diploma or greater		81.2%		81.2%		81.2%		81.2%		81.2%	
School enrollment		5,899		5,880		5,662		5,791		5,726	
Unemployment rate		3.7%		2.5%		4.2%		3.7%		3.5%	
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
		2000		2003		2010		2011		2012	
Population		23,303		22,927		22,347		22,347		22,423	
Personal income (000s)	\$	470,557	\$	462,965	\$	481,160	\$	490,848	\$	492,940	
Per capita personal income	\$	20,193	\$	20,193	\$	20,193	\$	24,871	\$	23,965	
Median age		45.0		45.0		45.3		44.5		46.0	
Education level in years of schooling Percentage with high school diploma or greater		81.2%		81.2%		81.2%		85.1%		85.6%	
School enrollment		5,834		5,976		6,177		5,200		4,923	
Unemployment rate		4.3%		5.6%		6.1%		6.3%		6.9%	

Sources: U.S. Census, Texas Workforce Commission and Kerrville Independent School District Population based on annual reports by City of Kerrville Planning and Development Personal income based on U.S. Census Median Household Income

Principal Employers – Kerr County Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table D-18

		2012		2003 *				
					Percentage of Total City			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Peterson Regional Medical Center	874	1	3.62%			-		
Kerrville ISD	700	2	2.90%			-		
Kerrville State Hospital	528	3	2.19%			-		
So. Texas Veterans Health Care	400	4	1.66%			-		
HEB Food and Drug Store	315	5	1.30%			-		
Kerr County	314	6	1.30%			-		
City of Kerrville	307	7	1.27%			-		
Wal-Mart	302	8	1.25%			-		
James Avery Craftsman, Inc.	279	9	1.16%			-		
Sava Senior Center	272	10	1.13%		<u>-</u> -			
	4,291		17.77%		-	-		
All others	19,860		82.23%		<u>-</u>			
Total employed	24,151		100.00%		<u>-</u>			

Source: City Economic Development Corporation

^{*} Information not available prior to 2005.

Full-Time Equivalent City Governmental Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
General Fund					-
City clerk	1	1	1	1	2
Legal services	3	3	3	3	3
City manager	3	3	3	3	3
Human resources	4	4	4	4	4
Finance	6	5	5	5	5
Information systems	3	3	3	3	3
Purchasing	1	1	1	1	1
Municipal court	3	5	5	5	5
Kerrville Schreiner Park	-	8	8	8	8
Police	63	66	66	69	70
Fire	42	42	42	42	43
Fire prevention	2	2	2	2	2
EMS	20	21	21	21	21
Planning & GIS	5	3	1	3	3
Building inspection	5	6	6	5	5
Code enforcement	2	2	2	2	2
Environment health	2	2	2	2	2
Airport administration	-	-	1	1	1
Business programs	2	2	2	2	2
Parks and recreation	2	2	2	2	2
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1
Parks maintenance	12	12	12	12	13
Performing arts center	1	1	1	1	1
Recreation	3	3	3	3	3
Public works	9	7	7	7	7
Streets and drainage	14	11	11	11	11
Library	13	13	13	13	13
Total general fund	222	229	228	232	236
Water and Sewer Fund					
Water records	8	8	8	8	8
Utility administration	5	5	5	6	3
Water production	9	9	9	11	11
Utility construction	9	9	9	9	9
Wastewater services	13	13	13	12	11
Utility information system	-	-	-	-	3
Utility laboratory	4	4	4	4	4
Total water and sewer fund	48	48	48	50	49
Golf Course Fund					
Golf course maintenance	8	8	8	8	8
Pro shop	4	3	3	3	3
Total golf course fund	12	11	11	11	11
Landfill	-	4	4	5	5
Garage	4	4	4	4	4
Total	4	8	8	9	9
Grand total	286	296	295	302	305

Source: City Budget Office

Note: Kerrville Schreiner Park was moved to general fund in fiscal year 2011.

Table D-19

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
2	2	2	1	2
3	2	1	2	2
3	2	4	4	4
4	4	4	4	4
5	6	6	7	5
3	2	4	4	5
1	1	1	1	-
5	5	5	6	5
8 70	8 67	8 72	7 64	6 71
52	53	53	46	49
2	1	2	1	2
21	20	24	28	27
3	3	3	3	2
5	4	5	5	5
2	2	4	2	2
2	2	-	-	-
1	-	-	-	-
2	2	2	2	2
2 1	2 1	- 1	- 1	-
13	15	16	12	12
1	-	-	-	-
3	3	4	2	1
8	8	16	15	21
11	8	-	-	-
13	10	11	10	10
246	233	248	227	237
8	6	7	7	8
3	3	4	3	4
11	10	11	11	11
9	9	9	9	9
11	13	14	14	14
3	3	1	-	-
4	4	4	4	4
49	48	50	48	50
8	8	8	8	8
3	3	3	5.5	3
11	11	11	13.5	11
5	5	5	3	5
4	4	4	4	4
9	9	9	7	9
315	301	318	296	307

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table D-20

		Fiscal Year								
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Function/Program										
Police										
Calls for service	21,151	23,350	23,117	23,658	24,442	26,483	24,886	15,277	15,308	15,937
Avg. response time per call (minutes)	5.6	5.1	5.1	4.9	4	4	4.6	4.6	8.0	8.0
Clearance rate	45%	60%	60%	60%	48%	49%	48%	57%	67%	62%
Fire										
Number of calls answered	6,367	6,973	6,456	6,790	7,540	7,580	7,701	7,823	7,986	7,989
Reports processed	6,464	6,847	6,793	6,800	7,592	7,581	8,007	7,837	7,986	7,989
Inspections	975	1,107	1,079	634	314	538	428	326	471	568
Highway and Streets										
Street maintenance – man hours	20,111	20,083	20,083	21,085	21,170	21,360	18,930	7,192	1,391	2,000
Pothole repairs - man hours	1,526	1,549	1,549	1,626	2,109	1,936	1,450	1,549	1,459	1,800
Traffic control (signs) - man hours	2,045	2,012	2,021	2,122	2,294	2,102	1,900	2,022	1,625	1,722
Sanitation										
Annual tonnage at landfill	45,471	45,417	48,200	54,429	51,992	57,984	55,840	51,484	7,939	8,000
Annual tonnage diverted by recycling	1,945	1,419	1,950	1,968	1,963	1,666	2,376	2,353	1,908	1,700
Culture and Recreation										
Park maintenance - man hours	24,460	24,493	24,532	24,437	26,525	22,464	27,391	25,175	19,148	20,785
Golf course - rounds of golf played	42,387	37,750	37,812	38,387	35,570	37,999	36,643	32,464	33,270	36,262
Swimming pool attendance	13,684	13,474	18,257	16,586	11,476	12,204	13,461	10,753	9,071	7,613
Kerrville Schreiner Park										
Entrance permits processed	-	26,818	39,824	39,495	31,593	45,100	6,396	5,674	4,183	5,407
Phone reservations processed	-	1,827	3,274	3,026	3,235	6,004	4,254	3,087	3,628	3,340
Water										
Water meters read	10,776	104,344	105,648	106,705	108,839	113,790	114,654	114,916	115,295	115,777
Work orders processed	7,547	7,764	7,812	7,910	7,864	8,147	12,011	11,477	10,281	10,221
Water main breaks	58	88	64	65	48	28	58	118	71	53
Total water consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	1,147,031	1,104,828	1,013,137	1,126,497	1,063,816	1,181,774	1,288,848	1,096,605	1,368,522	1,289,982
Cost per thousand gallons	\$ 0.92	\$ 0.85	\$ 1.05	\$ 1.20	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.30	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.03	\$ 1.10
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	2,300	2,300	2,400	2,400	2,770	2,254	2,287	2,400	2,016	2,148

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table D-21

	Fiscal Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Function/Program										_
Public Safety										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Highway and Streets										
Streets (miles)	129	130	130	135	138	140	142	142	142	142
Area in square miles	19.5	18.8	18.8	19.5	19.5	20.6	21.1	21.1	21.1	21.1
Culture and Recreation										
Parks acreage	400	917	917	917	917	937	937	937	937	937
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Picnic areas and playgrounds	17	21	21	21	21	38	36	36	36	36
Municipal auditoriums	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf course	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water main (miles)	169	197	217	218	220	227	234	234	238	241
Average daily consumption										
(millions of gallons)	3.03	3.50	3.71	4.20	2.90	4.18	3.45	2.73	3.24	3.82
Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	162	176	186	189	191	196	195	194	202	194
Storm sewers (miles)	6	6	9	10	10	12	13	13	13	13
Maximum treatment capacity										
(millions of gallons)	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.5

Sources: Various city departments



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